

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XV, NO. 8.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1924.

12.00 YEARLY

CLEARING SALE

OUR Stock is too large and we must dispose of it before the Spring Goods arrives.

We are Slashing Prices in order to reduce and are offering everything below cost.

This is a real sale with real bargains.
Call in and see for yourself.

- STARTING SATURDAY -

Boots and Shoes, Ladies' Wear, Men's Wear, Dress Goods and Everything--- All must go to make room for New Spring Goods.

The Blairmore Trading Co.

F. S. KAFOURY, PROPRIETOR.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

WEEK END SPECIALS

ST. CHARLES CREAM—

Family size, 8 tins \$1.00. Hotel, tin 30c
Baby size, 13 tins \$1.00

SWIFT'S PURE LARD—

3 lb tin 65c. 5 lb tin \$1.10. 10 lb tin \$2.15

Mephisto Lobster, ½ lb tins, each 50c

Robin Hood Rolled Oats, 2 tubes . . . 45c

Choice Quality Corn, 2 tins 35c

McCormick's Jersey Cream Soda,
large packets \$1.00

Dry Loganberries, per pkt. 30c

Pealine, small size, 7 pkts for 50c

Old Dutch Cleanser, 2 for 25c

BLUE GOOSE ORANGES—

We sold 400 dozen in 10 days and have just received another shipment at the following prices:

4 doz. for \$1.00. 3 doz. for \$1.00

2½ doz. for \$1.00; Etc., Etc.

Head Lettuce, Leaf Lettuce, Cauliflower, Celery, Grape Fruit, Bananas, Etc.

BRUSH UP AND CLEAN UP—

We have a brush for every purpose. Vitratite and "777" Enamels in white and tints.

Long handle Black Fibre Brooms, reg. \$1.35, for 75c

Long handle Hair Brooms, reg. \$1.90 for \$1.60

Long handle Hair Brooms, reg. \$2.10 for \$1.75

Banister Brushes 75c to \$1.25

Varnish Brushes 15c to \$1.35

Scrub Brushes 20c, 25c, 35c, 45c

Shoe and Stove Brushes 35c up

Varnish Stains in Valspar, Pratt and Lambert's "61" and Marswell.

Comes in colors and clear.

Liquid Glue, Sheet Glue, Ground Glue.

You will save money if you buy at our Greenhill Hardware Department.

SPECIAL SHOWING FOR ONE WEEK

Ladies' and Misses' Spring Coats. Sizes from 8 years up priced very close for quick sale and right up to the minute in style. Prices \$11.50 to \$40.00. We cordially invite your inspection of these goods.

Now is the time for Spring and Summer Sewing. We have some beautiful goods in Voiles, Ratinas, Crepes, Ginghams, Potters Prints, Etc.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING—New goods are arriving in this department and we have something that is sure to please you.

SHOES—Especially good values and very smart goods for Men, Women and Children.

F. M. THOMPSON CO.

PHONES: Main Store 25; Greenhill Store 28.

FATHER AND SON BANQUET AND SERVICE

The father and son week was observed in the Union church by four important events, having as their object the greater fellowship of dads with their growing boys.

A father and son banquet was held in the Greenhill Grill on Friday evening, when the best of everything that goes to make an excellent meal, and lots of it, was laid on the tables by the mothers of the boys. About eighty-five boys, ranging in age from ten to twenty-two, each one accompanied by a dad, sat down to the banquet. After supper a programme was carried out under the chairmanship of Praetor John Rae. The programme was varied in character and the usual after-dinner good fellowship prevailed. Each group of boys enlivened the gathering with their group yell and songs. The "Toast to The King" was responded to by singing "God Save The King." An address of welcome to the dads was given by Alfred McKay and answered in an excellent manner by Mr. John Shevels, of Bellevue. Lindsay Carter proposed the toast to the church, responded to by Mr. Upton of the church board. W. Dutil proposed a toast to the girls, answered by Miss Flora Warner and Miss Isobel Rae. John Patterson gave a talk on the ideals of C.S.E.T.

The musical items were provided by Glen Thomas with a piano solo, piano and violin by G. Thomas and R. McDonald, two vocal duets by Messrs. H. and J. Pos, and solo by Mr. J. R. Smith.

A good deal of fun was caused by a dialogue entitled "Blairmore in 1934," being a talk between two boys of the Lifeguard group who were supposed to have met in Peace River, and asking each other questions regarding the town sub-particularly regarding each boy of the Lifeguard Taxis Group.

A very much larger programme had been prepared, but unfortunately a senior hockey game had been called between Bellevue and Blairmore, so the men decided to take the boys with them to the rink for that event.

On Saturday, the boys and their dads met for their annual hockey match at 7 o'clock. The dads had increased in speed to such an extent that the boys found they were no longer playing against an opposition that could not skate. Of course, they fell and they do it funnier than other players and they can't get up so quickly as the boys. After three fifteen-minute periods, the players pretty well exhausted and the fans all got up from laughing, the bell rang for time. Alex Morency was the referee and at no time was his life in danger except when he fell on the ice, overcome by laughter. Following was the lineup:

Dads	Boys
Allan Hamilton	Dunc. Hamilton
J. Smith	def. Glen Thomas
M. Hamilton	Russell. Egina
J. McAndrew	for. J. Morency
M. Hoffman	J. Kemp
T. Dawson	P. Leahy
W. Chappell	G. Christopher
J. K. McDonald	Alex. McKay
W. McVey	Bobbie Dicken

On Sunday the father and son service was held in the church. The building, including a number of extra seats, was filled to capacity. The choir was of men and boys, about sixteen of them. They led the singing enthusiastically and rendered an anthem that greatly pleased the congregation.

The service was in charge of Robert Barrell, member of the boys provincial parliament for this year.

He took charge of things like a veteran, delivering a sermon that would do credit to an older and more experienced man.

On Tuesday, the men of the congregation visited the Taxis boys club room and challenged them to a billiard tournament. Ten games were played during the evening. Others of the dads and boys played checkers

DEATH OF W. A. DAVIDSON

Word of the death of William A. Davidson came as a distinct shock to people in the Crows' Nest Pass who for many years had been very intimately acquainted with him.

In our last issue we made mention of the accident that had befallen him while following his duties as manager of the mine at Rosedale, Alberta. Some hope was held out for his recovery for a few days, but on Saturday complications set in which terminated fatally.

Mr. Davidson was well known and highly respected all over the province, but particularly in the Crows' Nest Pass, where he had resided for a number of years. It was while riding down a premier position with the International Coal & Coke Company Limited at Coleman that he became married to a Miss Cogland, member

of the Coleman teaching staff. Shortly afterwards, Mr. Davidson accepted a position with the government.

Funeral took place on Monday afternoon and the remains were laid to rest in Burnsides cemetery.

Mr. Davidson was born at Peterborough, Ontario, on June 6, 1877. He graduated in the department of mechanical engineering from McGill University with the degree of B.Sc., with the class of 1900. Later he obtained the degree of M.Sc. from the same university. After some five years as draftsman and assistant engineer with the Dominion Coal Co., he came west and for some years was mining engineer with the West Canadian Collieries Ltd., at Bellevue and Lille. He served eight years with the International Coal Company at Coleman, first as mining engineer and later as mine manager. When the Alberta government organized the Institute of Technology at Calgary in 1916, it chose Mr. Davidson as head of the department of mining and superintendent of technical instruction in mining for the province. He resigned that position in December last to take over the management of the Rosedale Collieries.

The sympathy of the entire district is extended to his bereaved wife and daughter in this sad and bitter trial and sudden bereavement.

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(Opposite Public Library)

Capital \$ 8,000,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits 2,067,074
Total Assets 128,299,679

The Bank's Annual Statement has just been issued and copies thereof are available for anyone, on application, at any branch of the bank.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Blairmore Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes J. B. Wilson, Manager
Bellevue Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes S. J. Lamay, Manager
Hillcrest, Sub to Bellevue.

Big One-Cent Sale

Friday - Saturday - Monday
Feb. 22nd, 23rd 25th, 1924

THE BLAIRMORE PHARMACY

GORDON STEEVES, Prop.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

Special for Balance of the Month

25 per cent off on all Cut Glass, Casseroles and Fancy Dishes. Cash and Carry

Blairmore Hardware Co.

Plan To Secure Suitable Agricultural Employment For Immigrants From Overseas

The Minister of Immigration has decided to use the organization of the Soldier Settlement Board for the purpose of securing suitable agricultural employment for immigrants who arrive in this country in future.

On the instructions of the department, the board has now commenced a definite survey of all provinces, for the purpose of securing the names of farmers who are likely to desire farm help in the spring. These farmers will be invited to submit applications for which the applications will be tabulated, the information thus obtained being furnished to the immigration authorities overseas in order that the flow of agricultural help may be regulated and directed to the districts in which it is required.

The board has also been given the duty of receiving and distributing this immigrant farm help on its arrival in the spring. In order that this may be done, advice will be forwarded from overseas of the names, destinations and dates of sailing of agricultural immigrants. These immigrants will be met on arrival by immigration officials and directed to the districts which are most suited to the immigrants' requirements and capabilities. On arrival in that district, they will be met by the board's officials and directed to the positions selected for them.

The work of securing positions has already been commenced by the Regina district office of the Soldier Settlement Board. The field staff of the board are now employed in securing the names of farmers who are expected to require farm help in the spring. These farmers, innumerable to the farmers whose names are already on record, are being invited to forward applications for farm help to the local field supervisor of the board, who are stationed at various centres throughout the province.

In view of the hearty response which was given to similar work which was undertaken on behalf of British harvesters, it is anticipated that a large number of applications will be received. Any farmers wishing to secure experience or inexperienced farm laborers should make early application, in order that their requirements may be filled. It is the intention of the department to bring from overseas agricultural workers for every suitable opening which is listed in sufficient time for the necessary arrangements to be made.

A Plain Commoner

Princess Mary's Son Not a Prince of the Royal Blood

Ever since Princess Mary's son and heir came into the world last winter there has been much speculation as to whether he is a prince or not, a son or a prince of the royal blood. But the speculation is ended, and Great Britain now knows the King's grandson is not a prince of the royal blood but simply the Hon. Henry Hubert Lascelles, or "Master Lascelles" for short.

This decisive information is conveyed by the 1924 Debrett, the unquestioned guide to the genealogy of royalty and the aristocracy of the kingdom.

The new issue says that a royal warrant deems young Lascelles from being a royal prince. The warrant asserts that none but children of the sons of sovereign and the eldest living son of the Prince of Wales shall have and hold the style, title and attribute of royal highness, with the dignity of prince and princess."

The warrant does not mention grand children of the King, who may be children of the monarch's daughter.

A Broad Base

Another remarkable thing about the British Labor party has been its success in attracting to itself notable people from various walks of life. Its doors are open to "all who live by working," without regard to the character of the work, and even those who are in a position to live without working are not excluded. The great majority of the members of the party are manual-working wage-earners, but membership has never been restricted to these. —Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

An estate of \$1,200,000 was left by Wm. A. Pinkerton, noted private detective, who died recently in California, according to the will filed for probate.

Occasionally a woman cultivates the acquaintance of her next-door neighbor so that she can borrow things.

The first determination of the velocity of light was made by James Clark Maxwell.

W. N. U. 1505

Huge Butter Production

Danish Prince Makes a Big Success of His Dairy Farm

Prince Erik, of Denmark, who passed through Winnipeg recently on a holiday trip to Canada and Now York, interviewed by the Free Press, spoke most optimistically of his dairyking at Bismarck, Alta., and mentioned that 200,000 pounds of butter had been produced this season at his creamery. His establishment was operated on lines familiar in Denmark, a country which supplies large quantities of butter and eggs to the Old Country and other parts of Europe. Dairying came as a secondary industry in connection with his life on the ranch, which began nearly three years ago.

"Breeding of short-horn cattle was the first thing in which I became interested in the west," Prince Erik stated.

Prince Erik is a second cousin of the Prince of Wales, and resembles his royal relative, though he is somewhat taller than his fellow-Canadian farmer.

Antiquity of Yew Trees

Trees in England Said to be 2,000 Years Old

Mighty as may be the English oak, the yew is said to boast the greater longevity. The Yewham and Cowthorpe oaks are both estimated to be 1,000 years old. However, yew trees are said to have been old when these oaks were saplings. It is said, for instance, that a yew at Battle, in Sussex, must have been a very old tree when William the Conqueror landed. It is close on 30 feet in girth. The yew at Nunney Park is said to be 2,000 years old, so that they were grown when Julius Caesar landed in 55 B.C. The historian of Selborne believed that the famous yew in the churchyard was at least as old as the church itself, which goes back to Saxon times and there are stones lying about the "Pilgrim's Way" between Winchester and Canterbury which could they but speak, could describe the scenes which are subjects of Chaucer's poems.

Conversations of the Great

Even Great People Sometimes Discuss Trivialities

What do the great talk about?

In Mr. J. A. Spender's recently published life of Campbell-Bannerman there is a passage which sheds an amusing sidelight upon that oft-asked question. "It was at a time when it seemed as though England might go to war with Russia." And so when Campbell-Bannerman was snapped talking to King Edward in the garden of Buckingham Palace the London newspapers all featured the picture under the interrogatory caption, "Peace or War?"

Next morning Campbell-Bannerman had a pipe and a whisky, and sat to his private secretary: "Do you know what he was saying to me? He was asking me whether I thought halibut was better boiled than baked." —Ottawa Journal.

May Appeal to Privy Council

Saskatchewan May Appeal Judgments On Blue Sky Law

An appeal to the privy council against the judgment of the supreme court of Canada, by which the provincial "blue sky" law is held to be ineffective against a corporation chartered by the Dominion, is possible, Hon. J. A. Cross, attorney-general of the province, suggested.

He stated that the government could not decide whether it would carry the case further until a copy of the judgment showing the reasons on which it was based, was received from the supreme court at Ottawa.

It is estimated the cop production of Nova Scotia this year will reach at least 6,200,000 tons. As the total production last year was 4,842,198 tons, the increase this year will be more than 1,500,000 tons. The outlook for 1924 is encouraging.

About all you can say for a fine vocabulary is that it makes your friends blink occasionally as you talk.

All the world's a stage, but no one wants to play second fiddle in the orchestra.

Since 1904 the U.S. national death rate from tuberculosis has decreased 50 per cent.

An elephant cannot see an object outlined against the sky at more than thirty yards.

Food Situation in Germany

Germany Has Made It Hard to Feed Her Own People

According to Secretary Hoover's agent in Germany three disturbing factors enter into the food situation in that country. One is the inability of the government or of private firms to finance the usual margin of food imports. Another is the breakdown of the currency which has interrupted the distribution of domestic food supplies. The third is unemployment, which has decreased the ability of large classes to buy food.

It is only the bare truth to say that all these troubles were inflicted upon the German people by their government. The German harvest this year was above the average. Nine and a half million tons of bread grains were harvested compared with seven million tons last year. The wheat crop fell off forty-four million tons to thirty millions and the sugar crop from 1,450,000 tons to 1,200,000. Mr. Hoover's representative says "a considerable use of potatoes for industrial purposes," which indicates that there is little real fear of a scarcity in that staple.

Germany always has been short of meat, fats and dairy products. She hopes to import, as usual, 700,000 tons of fats, vegetable oils and seeds and probably 50,000,000 bushels of grain. But these wants are normal and were indicated long ago.

What did the German Government do to anticipate them? It has raised the mark in order to finance the grotesque campaign of "passive resistance" in the Ruhr and the Rhine, deliberately created unemployment by paying hundreds of thousands of able-bodied workers not to work. It has driven the factory into stranding to sell his products to the city dwellers, because payment can be made to him only in worthless marks. The currency swindle and a year of voluntary avoidance of labor in the occupied territory have brought the German people to the point at which they think they may not be able to feed themselves, and at which they do not hesitate to ask the authorization of a foreign loan by the Reparation Commission.

After antagonizing the commission for twelve months and accusing it of trying to starve the Reich, the German leaders now plead for help to save their people from the consequences of their own bad leadership and obduracy. It is a characteristic Teuton gesture.—New York Tribune.

The Conspiracy of Noise

Numerous agencies in modern life seem to be in league against quiet. Outside on these evenings the rushing automobiles with the screeching sirens, the clanging trolley car, inside the music box emitting jazz, the radio bringing the hum and roar of the air, with now and again a human voice in speech or song coming from afar. All are in conspiracy against quiet.—Albany Knickerbox Press.

Fresh Water Pearl Fishery

A fresh water pearl fishery is one of the hitherto unexpected treasures of France, according to a communication made by M. Heneguy, to the Academy of Sciences. He reported a discovery in the centre of France of fresh water mussels that produce pearls comparing favorably in color and brilliancy with the best efforts of the oyster.

Salmon Worth \$10,000,000

The total pack of canned salmon for British Columbia 1923 season will give the packers more than \$10,000,000, if all the cases are marketed at the ruling prices.

Gold and Cobalt

Major Portion of World's Cobalt Supply Comes from Ontario Mines

Revised statistics issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics show that the production of gold for 1923 attained the high total of 1,269,364 fine ounces, the highest figure reached since 1910 when the Yukon miners reached the peak of their production. The year's production was valued at \$22,515,000. About one-third of the total production, valued at \$78,852, was produced by Ontario mines and placers; British Columbia taking second place with nearly four-fifths of the remainder.

The major portion of the world's supply of cobalt for almost two decades has been derived from the silver-cobalt-nickel arsenides of the Cobalt district of Ontario. The year's cobalt production was 569,960 pounds which if the average New York quota of \$3.25 per pound were taken, the profit \$187,196 was taken for the divided. \$162,558.27 was placed to the elevator reserve account and a similar amount to general reserve account, the former now standing at \$17,765,725, an increase of \$243,665.11, and the latter at \$412,314.70, an advance of \$152,355.28 over last year.

The company's assets are \$7,876,814; share capital subscribed \$3,378,500, of which \$1,719,652.50 is paid up. The company handled a total of 42,830,825 bushels of grain, as compared with 37,355,600 bushels the previous year.

The company, which is a farmers' organization, has three subsidiary companies—the Saskatchewan Co-operative Export Company, James Stewart and Company, Ltd., and the James Stewart Grain Corporation, New York.

Field and Value of Potato Crop

Total Value of Canada's Potato Crop Estimated at \$62,652,000

The area planted in potatoes in Canada in 1923 is estimated at Ottawa 569,042 acres compared with 683,594 acres in 1922, a decrease of 18 percent. The yield per acre, however, more than counterbalances the falling off in acreage planted. This yield is placed at 1923, 400 bushel-weight per acre, against 813 bushel-weight last year, giving a total yield in 1923 of 61,066,700 hundredweight against 56,745,399 hundredweight in 1922. The total value of the potato crop is estimated at \$63,652,000, compared with \$60,320,000 last year, the average per bushel being \$1.03 against 90 cents in 1922.

Bird Collector Murdered

New Guinea Savages Killed Victim Found At Base of Tree

George Penrose, an Australian bird collector, has been murdered by savages in New Guinea under dramatic circumstances. Hostile natives attacked and speared Penrose and two natives who were with him, and seven other members of the party were injured before they escaped. The attackers were from a strange tribe never before reported by white men. The savages promptly ate the bodies of the men they killed.

Radium Brings High Prices

Czecho-Slovakia is one of the few countries in the world that produce radium, and 24 grams has been mined there since 1919. The annual output now fluctuates between two and one-half and three grams, worth about \$300,000.

Kansas City Times.

Deals from lady of food in Berlin

During 1922 and the first ten months of the present year numbered 103, according to official statistics.

CHRISTMAS AMID OLD HOMELAND SCENES



The second Canadian National Railways train leaving Winnipeg for Halifax to connect with steamships sailing for United Kingdom ports. Several hundred Western Canadians took advantage of the special rates and special trains arranged by the Canadian National, which allowed them to leave Winnipeg as late as December 11 and yet reach Britain in time for Christmas. Inset is a group of Edmonton people aboard the second tourist special.

Shown That High Grade Fuel Can Be Made By Briquetting

Saskatchewan Lignite Coal

Farmers Crop Profitable

Eight Per Cent Cash Dividend Declared by Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co.

An eight per cent cash dividend was announced at the 13th annual general meeting of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company recently. The financial report showed a net profit of \$44,212.25. Out of the net profit \$13,196 was taken for the divided. \$162,558.27 was placed to the elevator reserve account and a similar amount to general reserve account, the former now standing at \$17,765,725, an increase of \$243,665.11, and the latter at \$412,314.70, an advance of \$152,355.28 over last year.

The company's assets are \$7,876,

It has been demonstrated that a very high grade fuel can be made out of carbonized lignite.

This was the comment made by J. M. Leamy, one of the members of the Lignite Utilization Board, on a newspaper dispatch from North Portal, Sask., stating that two cars of lignite coal shipped from the board's plant at Blentfort, Sask., to Hobson, N.D., for experimental purposes had re-entered Canada in briquette form, and that from all appearances the experiment had been a success.

Mr. Leamy said that progress reports he had received spoke of the quality of the briquettes in the highest terms. The briquettes will likely be distributed in Ottawa and Regina, he said.

Manitoba joined with Saskatchewan and the Prairie Government in establishing and carrying on the plant at Blentfort, but last summer the Bracken Government announced it had decided to discontinue financial support. The withdrawal of Manitoba left the question of funds in the air, and not having finances to put the briquetting plant in shape, sent some of the carbonized material that had accumulated at Hebron for treatment at Dean Babcock's plant.

Mr. Leamy stated the only reason for the briquetting being done at Hebron was a financial one, and that the conversion of carbonized lignite into fuel in the form of briquettes could be done the board's own briquetting plant if this were put in operation.

"The members of the board were satisfied with the work which has been done at Hebron, and I have no doubt the further demonstration at Hebron has been successful in every way," said Mr. Leamy.

Edison's First Motion Picture

The Great Train Robbery Filmed 31 Years Ago Still a Passable Show

The first feature motion picture ever produced, Thomas A. Edison's "The Great Train Robbery," filmed thirty-one years ago, was a curiosity introduced at the annual luncheon of the Visual Instruction Association of America and the Visual Instruction Association of New York.

After the train robbery a modern production of "Longfellow's 'Miles Standish,'" featuring Charles Ray, was thrown on the screen. But the contrast was diminished by the use of a modern projector in both cases. There were no black streaks on the screen, and the photography, though not good, seemed quite passable, considering when the film had been made. There were no "closesups," however, and the absence of subtitles afforded a pleasing relief. The action was quicker and simpler than in modern films and gave more impression of a "Pathé Weekly" than anything else.

One speaker, Dixon Ryan Fox, professor of history at Columbia University, said he trusted that "The Great Train Robbery" will influence motion picture directors as the works of great stylists like Carlyle and his contemporaries have influenced literature.

Start Butterfly Farm

Beautiful butterflies in great variety were released in London parks last year as an added attraction for visitors. The innovation was so much appreciated that a butterfly farm is to be established near the British capitol, with the object of supplying them to parks in the summer time. It is said that twenty thousand were released in the various London parks last summer, and that forty thousand chrysalises are under cultivation at the "farm" at this time.

Winter Golf Courses

Nearly two hundred golf courses are now available for winter play in the south, including the Pacific coast, and most of them are 18-hole courses, with grass greens. The south has 102 courses on which tourists may play for a nominal fee, while the far west as nearly as many. California leads the semi-tropical states with 38, while Florida has 35.

Mail By Aeroplane

Plans for aero-plane mail service from the terminus of the government railway at Nenana, Alaska, to Fairbanks, are being made by the U.S. post office department. The service, replacing dog teams and railroad delivery, will reduce the time of delivery from twenty days to four hour, he said.

The late Andrew Bonar Law, in addition to his real estate, left a personal estate valued for probate in London at £51,397.

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W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Thur., Feb. 21, 1924

JOURNALISTIC ACCURACY

The complaint most frequently made against newspapers is that they are inaccurate. There is a constant spirit of jeering at newspapers because of the mistakes that occur in their columns, says the Chewieh independent.

People who take that view should remember that the newspaper's mistakes are specially conspicuous. The business man's mistakes are usually known only to the few people who are affected by each error. But when a newspaper man makes a bull, which is no worse than what occurs daily in all departments of life, then everyone can see and scoff.

Newspaper work is done in a hurry. The field to be covered is large. Very few newspapers have forces big enough to cover the field with ideal thoroughness. In many cases it is impossible to verify items completely. The man who has the most reliable information about a matter may be out of town, or it may not be possible to find him before the issue goes to press. Yet the newspaper must have an account of the matter, and in such a case it has to depend on the best information it can get.

In many cases the public are careless in their ways of giving information. They state facts in a loose and inaccurate way. The reporter who reproduces exactly what was given to him, is blamed for something entirely wrong.

Still the newspaper should not make too many apologies of this kind. It is their duty to get the highest degree of accuracy possible in a limited time, and to get material from the people who really know about things rather than by indirect hearsay. The people who seek work in newspaper offices should realize the absolute necessity of precision in their collection of facts. It is difficult to make a success in the newspaper field, unless a person is willing to take great pains to get things straight.

HE GIVETH HIS BELOVED SLEEP

The inevitable hand of Death has closed the career of the greatest living American.

History will read him to generations yet to come and there will be no scroll in all the world more bright with glory.

He gave his life for his country; yes, more than that—for humanity.

His feelings were quick and noble. He was not afraid of confessing his sentiments, and his spirit had about some of the fragrance belonging to clean fields and the gladness of something with wings.

Because the flowers of his childhood went blossoming into a rich maturity his mind's eye lived to dwell upon the colors of life and they threaded his work like a rainbow spanning an April sky.

His example was golden, and his memory will remain something precious and never to be displaced.

He was not content with caring for the people of his own country, but he went far afield into the byways to help those less fortunate.

He dreamed of a great America from which would radiate the white light that would illuminate the last dark corner of a world darkened through the countless ages.

He dreamed that out of the ashes of a blackened and a broken world there would be made a new world in which there would be no more hatreds, no more wars.

He dreamed of a world in which, under the banner of the Prince of Peace, all men would be as brothers.

The meeting also decided to hold another dance on St. Patrick's Day,

He dreamed of a world in which the only nobility would be that of intellect; the only autocracy that of the will—a world in which human rights would ever take precedence.

His bitterest opponents said only that he was a generation ahead of his time. That is a tribute.

Pax vobis!

[The above, written by Mr. Homer D. King, Hemet, California is dedicated to the late Woodrow Wilson. Mr. King is about twenty years of age and son of Editor King of the Hemet News.]

WHEN TUT WOKE UP

Howard Carter, at the cost of a solid year's work and many thousands of dollars, yesterday reached the goal of his ambition and opened the casket of old King Tut.

Reports from Egypt of that solemn ceremony are still incomplete. But here is probably what happened:

The solid lid of the casket was lifted, the mummy case was gently pried apart, and with eager hands Howard Carter started to unwrap the rolls of brown musty linen in which the Egyptian dead are always bound, when, without warning, the long-dead king sat bolt upright in his coffin, gestured regally for a cessation of unwinding operations and spoke as follows:

"Mr. Carter and gentlemen, I have been lying here for 3200 years and am naturally glad to see human faces again. But I can't understand why you should want to see me. My family spirits, one of whom, you will recollect, bit the late Lord Carnavon on the cheek at my behest tell me that this invasion of my privacy has cost much money, much time, much study and much work. Why waste all this on me when half of that money, time, study and work would have accomplished some tangible good for those who are alive? When I laid down to sleep 3200 years ago I had unbounded faith that with each generation, human intelligence, common sense and the sense of fitness of things would have increased. It seems that these 3200 years have not done much for you. You are just as intent on gratifying idle curiosity and wasting time and money as I was in my day. Please go away, Mr. Carter, and let me sleep again. Perhaps in another 3000 years or so humanity may have improved enough to permit me to recognize the improvement."—Ex-

Still the newspaper should not make too many apologies of this kind. It is their duty to get the highest degree of accuracy possible in a limited time, and to get material from the people who really know about things rather than by indirect hearsay. The people who seek work in newspaper offices should realize the absolute necessity of precision in their collection of facts. It is difficult to make a success in the newspaper field, unless a person is willing to take great pains to get things straight.

FORMER BELLEVUE STUDENT CHOSEN CO-ED SPEAKER

The February 10th issue of the Vancouver Sun carries the announcement that Miss Winnie Cawthorne and Miss Greta Mather, both of Arts '24, have been chosen to represent the coeds of the University of British Columbia in the international and inter-collegiate debate for women this year with representatives of Williamette college.

Winnie Cawthorne is president of the Women's Literary Society at the college and is recognized as one of the best co-ed speakers Varsity has produced.

Winnie was born in the old Frank hospital in 1904 and attended the Bellevue public school from 1911 to 1920, taking high school courses during the period of the principalship of Mr. A. J. Kelly. She graduated this year, having attended one year at Victoria college and three in Vancouver.

G. W. V. A. MEETING

A general meeting of the local G. W. V. A. was held in the Masonic hall on Sunday afternoon with a good attendance of members. The chief item of business was electing a delegate to attend the provincial convention being held at Lethbridge this week and Robert McLachlan was chosen to represent Blairmore local.

Mrs. D. G. Mackenzie could not accept the office of treasurer and Alphonse Fabro was elected to fill the vacancy. Several new members were signed up at the meeting and the club is now away to a good start. An invitation is extended to all ex-service men to join.

The meeting also decided to hold another dance on St. Patrick's Day, Monday, March 17th.

The next general meeting will be held on Sunday afternoon, March 2nd, at 2:30, in the Masonic hall.

The city of Cranbrook plans on offering for sale the arena, which was acquired by the city a few years ago for tax arrears. Doesn't look good for a place the size of Cranbrook.

Miss Hazel M. Brown

PIANOFORTE PLAYING AND THEORY

Pupils entered for the Examination of the Toronto Conservatory of Music

Phone 297 — Blairmore



Blairmore Lodge, No. 68, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p.m. in the Oddfellows Hall, N.W. Corner of the corner of 1st and Main Streets. Officers: G. E. McEwen, Rec. Sec.; G. R. Patterson, Fin. Sec.; J. R. Graham, Treas.; J. Montalbetti.

Crows' Nest Encampment No. 8 meets the second and fourth Wednesdays of the month at 8 p.m. in the Oddfellows Hall at 1st and Main Streets. Officers: Sister Joyce, N.G.; Sister Dorothy, V.G.; Sister Elizabeth, R.S.; Sister Rae, S.W.; Sister Patterson, R.S.; Sister Montalbetti, Treas.

Crowley Rebekah Lodge, No. 66 meets the first and third Thursdays of the month at 8 p.m. in the Oddfellows Hall at 1st and Main Streets. Officers: Sister Joyce, N.G.; Sister Dorothy, V.G.; Sister Elizabeth, R.S.; Sister Rae, S.W.; Sister Patterson, R.S.; Sister Montalbetti, Treas.

Crows' Nest Undertaking Co.

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Panama Bathing Beauties

Twenty of these twenty-two children are girls whose ages range from seven to fourteen years, and they are not mere bathing beauties. From their infancy they have played in and around the water at Panama, and they now represent the Canadian Pacific S.S. Empress of Canada, now on World Cruise.

EXTENSION OF HEALTH WORK

Further extension of the work which has been accomplished by the Public Health Nursing Branch of the Department of Public Health in the past is being planned by the department for the coming year, according to a statement made by Hon. Geo. Hooley, provincial minister of health.

"Up until 1923 the provincial government practically sustained the public health nurses in the municipal districts; the purpose of this was to demonstrate the value of the work. In 1923 the government decided to place this service on a permanent basis, and to bear one-half of the cost of a nurse stationed in a municipality or town of municipalities. This was also to apply to municipal hospital districts. Some of the hospital districts incorporated this provision in the scheme submitted to the people."

The duties of a public health nurse are well known, among them are the inspection of school children, hospital, social service work; child welfare clinics, and follow up visits to the homes.

During 1923 ten thousand five hundred and twenty-three babies and children of pre-school age were in attendance at child welfare clinics conducted by our public health and district nurses throughout the province, and twelve thousand nine hundred and ninety-eight home visits were made. The pre-natal clinic is steadily growing in favor, though much of this advice is still given in the home.

The demand for child welfare clinics is heavy. These are received from women's organizations, agricultural societies, Soldiers' Settlement Board, and village and town councils. This work has been found of such value that it is the intention of the department of health to continue and extend the same, as reports from these different organizations on follow-up work have been most encouraging.

Specially qualified nurses are being employed to conduct lectures and demonstrations through the usual channels, the women's organizations. These nurses not only disseminate information on health matters, but make surveys and bring back to the department valuable information regarding the special needs of the different communities. Moving picture films are being used extensively by all nurses on the staff, and appropriate health films have been secured for schoolroom use as well as the lecture platform.

The demand for an increase in the district nursing service is under favorable consideration. Last year two new districts were opened, and at present there are six districts in operation in the isolated parts of the province. As well as ministering to the sick the district nurse is interested in community sanitation; demanding pure drinking water, hot lunches for children, and enforcing isolation measures in infectious diseases.

A special feature of the work done by all the nurses on the staff at the present time is that of conducting classes in home nursing in conjunction with St. John's Ambulance As-

sociation. Each nurse in her district has one or more classes special attention being given to maternity nursing and demonstration on the course, the students are examined by a medical practitioner and where found proficient are awarded St. John's Ambulance certificate.

The future policy of the department depends upon the willingness of the people to co-operate and the financial condition of the country. It is hoped the demand for an increase in the district nursing service will be met and plans are under consideration whereby it is hoped that this service will be more than doubled.

In connection with the district nursing it is hoped to arrange for a series of treatment clinics during the summer months. The estimates carry a provision for a dentist who will be available together with a nose and throat specialist, to conduct a travelling clinic throughout the more sparsely settled parts of the country. The children who have been inspected during the winter will be gathered together and with the consent of the parents operative procedure undertaken where necessary. Public health nursing and the inspection of school children it is hoped will increase thru the co-operation with municipal hospitals. Child welfare clinics, lectures and demonstrations arranged through women's organizations will in the future, as in the past, be a special feature of the departmental work.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED PER DAY

FORD, Ont., Feb. 15.—More than 125,000 automobiles will be produced in the new \$12,000,000 plant of the Ford Motor Company, Limited, here during the year of 1924, according to an announcement made today by officials of that company.

This production figure equals about 410 cars for every working day of the year. Therefore, approximately 50 complete automobiles will be produced every hour of the eight-hour working day. Nearly a car a minute—a marvelous procedure!

One year ago the average car output was approximately 250 cars per day, so the production capacity of the great Ford plant here has practically doubled in less than a year.

The new 15 acre machine shop, all under one roof, has made this production record possible, it was stated.

The insistent demand for Ford cars throughout Canada and the other British Dominions has brought about the largest expansion program ever undertaken by an automobile company outside the United States. The first car to be produced in the recently completed machine shop was a new style Ford Coupe, motor No. 451,300, and was driven from the new factory complete on December 3rd. Since that time a steady stream of Ford automobiles, including the attractive new model Tudor, has been leaving the plant.

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But here's the word o' one that's lived
Clean through from soup to nuts:
The Lord don't hand no derricks round'
T' hist folks out o' rats.

Kiwiana Magazine.

BUSINESS AND TAXATION

At a recent meeting of the Manufacturers' Association at Hamilton, the president, Mr. Howard Smith, expressed the view that "business cannot stand existing internal taxation. It has become intolerable and must be reduced."

Most business men will agree with that view. The all important question is how can taxation be reduced? A meeting of the committee of commerce and agriculture was held last month in Calgary. One of the important questions discussed was tax reduction. Evidently the question is forcing itself upon the public mind. A new sales tax came into force on the first of January and now there is already talk of its abolition. One method suggested and by which it is hoped to obtain relief from excessive tax burdens is by forcing substantial reduction in the cost of government. A picture of horrors would be the publication of the cost of government at Ottawa, in the provinces and in the cities. In the federal service employees receive over fifty million dollars a year.

Is that army of leisurely ladies and gentlemen essential when the total population of Canada is some nine million? Apparently the people of Canada, man, woman and child, pay \$5 instead each year to keep the tax collectors and other civil servants. There can be no desire to disturb the essential machinery of government but the government surely does not require so many accessories. Most departments at Ottawa are overmanned. Perhaps a situation somewhat similar exists in the provinces. It is evident that a fair and substantial reduction of employees will help in a good measure in the reduction of taxes. When once the public awakens to the real benefit of lower taxes other ways of reduction will suggest themselves.—Commercial Review.

Alex. Moroney is in Calgary this week attending the sessions of the Alberta L.O.O.P. Grand Lodge.

Rev. Cripps, rector of St. Mary's church, Lethbridge, will have charge of Holy Communion and Morning Service at St. Luke's church on Sunday next. Service at 11 a.m.

REV. THOMAS POWELL AT BELLEVUE AND FRANK

Rev. Thomas Powell, superintendent of Methodist missions, will preach in the Frank church on Sunday morning next, and in the evening at Bellevue.

St. LUKE'S CHURCH

Sunday, February 24th.

Sunday School at 10 a.m.

Morning Service at 11

Holy Communion at 12 noon

Sunday School at 2:30

Special Preacher, Rev. T. W. Cripps, L. T. H., rector of St. Mary's, Lethbridge.

St. ALBAN'S CHURCH

Holy Communion 9 a.m.

Evening Service at 7

Preacher, Rev. T. W. Cripps.

BANANAS, NOT PAJAMAS.

A young lady sat next to a distinguished bishop at a church dinner. She was rather awed by the bishop's presence. For some time she hesitated to speak to him. Finally, seeing some bananas passed, she seized the opportunity to start conversation with him, and said:

"I beg your pardon, but are you fond of bananas?"

The bishop was slightly deaf, and leaning toward her replied:

"Pardon me, but what did you say?"

"I said," repeated the young lady, blushing furiously "do you like bananas?"

The bishop pondered the question gravely for a moment, and then answered: "It is a curious question, but if you want my honest opinion, I have always preferred the old-fashioned nightgown."

Pincher Creek intermediates play a league hockey game at Bellevue tomorrow night.

Some of the youngsters who have unclear minds can't be helped much without the aid of a vacuum cleaner.

Miss Francis Gibau spent the week end in Lethbridge, visiting her sister, who is a patient at the Galt hospital.

In the list of I. O. O. E. officers in our last issue we omitted the name of Mrs. S. McKay, first vice-regent.

Miss Helen Robbins, who is teaching at Lethbridge, spent the week end here with her parents.

It had been led to believe that Mah Jongg was a parlor game, but notice where a mah jongg dinner was given at Vancouver a few days ago.

Saints are practically out of date, and Pincher Creek intermediates could hardly expect to win with St. Luke in the goal.

Thomas Loney, who had been confined to bed here for several days with gripe, went home to Calgary on Friday night.

The Prince of Wales broke his collar bone while exercising one of his hunters at Billington Manor, near Ascot, recently.

The Canadian National Railways are now operating between Winnipeg and Toronto, colonist cars equipped with lunch counters.

Pass visitors to Lethbridge curling bonspiel this week were very disappointed in not having an opportunity to meet Mr. Dimming.

A local jitney came so near to accident a few days ago as to have the tail light slipped off by a passing train at a railway crossing. The driver has just about recovered from the shock.

With the return of the beer business the government should endeavor to have the price of salt reduced. The four cents a pound is a real hold-up and it takes about a pound to every fifteen glasses.

The Alberta Hotel Men's Association object to that clause in the new liquor control act which permits the selling beer by package, and also to the authority given the commissioner to fix the hours for the sale of beer. Objection is also made to the proposal of the right to search without a search warrant, and the shifting of the onus of proof.

The teachers of Cranbrook central school have petitioned the school board for an increase in their salary.

If there were fewer foot laws to teach people contempt of law, there would be less need of martial law.

Commissioner Hadden, of the Salvation Army, addressed a large gathering in the Institutional church at Coleman on Wednesday evening.

The provincial department of agriculture should adopt a form of guarantee to be signed by him immediately after the fruit is dropped.

Some police seem to have an idea that when they tell you to do this or that, you must do it, whether it is right or wrong.

Messrs. D. G. Mackenzie, John Jenkins, J. H. Boulton and Walter Clark constitute a rink from Blairmore to compete in the Lethbridge bonspiel this week.

An exchange says: "When business is poor with the big city stores, they turn to their heavy advertising to force trade. In the smaller towns, when trade is slow, the merchants stop advertising and crawl under the counter and go to sleep."

When Edward Nelson, convicted at Winnipeg of operating an automobile while intoxicated, appealed his case, the appeal judge not only upheld the police court conviction, but increased the sentence of ten days to thirty.

Solicitor Barnes and Editor Barretts have been chosen by the Coleman Old Timers' Club to write a history of the Town of Coleman, covering the early stages of pioneer life down to the highly developed stage of civilization."

This week we received a bouquet of flowers from the gardens of our old friend, Mr. A. L. (Sandy) McPherson, Hemet, California. Writing of his present location, Mr. McPherson states the acacia, almond and peach trees are just coming into bloom. The valley is beautiful with the San Joaquin mountains surrounding it. We come into the valley through pass narrower than the Crows' Nest Pass. There are about twelve thousand acres in the valley. Thousands of acres of wheat, barley and oats are about six inches high now and need rain. Thousands of acres of fruit trees are watered by an irrigation system.

At a service held in Wesley Methodist church Vancouver to the memory of the late Woodrow Wilson, ex-president of the United States, Rev. A. C. Williams paid the following tribute: "Woodrow Wilson will live and his fame endure not so much as a profound scholar and keen thinker, nor so much as a coined phrase, a writer of notes and a master of words, not so much as a silver-tongued orator, a popular politician and a successful statesman, but as an uncompromising antagonist of war, as an unfaltering advocate of national and international unity, as a maligned, scorned, a betrayed and repudiated, a thwarted humiliated and martyred apostle of peace."

Pretty well every other day people of this district have been pestered with transient life insurance agents. Last week, however, we experienced a little diversion from the rule and instead we found a fellow trying to sell stock in insurance companies. The travelling insurance man has absolutely nothing to offer that cannot be obtained for the same terms from the local resident agent, but somehow the outsider finds this a very profitable field to work in and peddles a line of dope that could not be expected from the genuine home man.

A new wing to Galt hospital, Lethbridge, is proposed, to cost about \$10,000.

"Hillie" Robbins underwent a rather critical operation at the local hospital last week and is doing favorably.

\$200,000 short in the liquor controller's department in the latest development in the Newfoundland probe and it seems the worst is yet to come.

Wife: "I hope my costume is the neatest at the ball." All women are rivals, you know, when it comes to clothes." Husband: "Yes, one certainly tries to outstrip the other."

A number of boys engaged in a little target practice on Sunday afternoon fast and with snowball projectiles wiped out a few panes of glass from the C. P. R. depot. The lads could not decide among themselves as to which was the better shot, but probably their parents decided for them.

There should be a big upheaval in the council following its reorganization for 1924, for we have reason to believe that the new blood will not stoop to accept the free water and light. In the smaller towns, when trade is slow, the merchants stop advertising and crawl under the counter and go to sleep.

Frank Rafaelo, of Kansas City, probably holds the record for spaghetti eating. At a banquet recently he ate 10,584 feet of Italian spaghetti, pitching more than two miles of spaghetti in two hours and twenty-four minutes. Blairmore's champion, Valentine Rindfuss will try to beat Rafaelo's record as soon as his health condition will permit. Already "Don" Lewis has ordered a carload of spaghetti.

Keep The Home Fires Burning with Lethbridge Nut Coal at \$8.25 ton, delivered anywhere from McLaren's Mill to Frank. Phone 298. —W. M. BUSH

Miss "Babe" Gibau returned from Lethbridge yesterday, accompanied by her mother.

Rv. A. W. Neal was in Calgary this week attending the Anglican Synod.

The Van A. D. Hayes, D.D., has resigned from the position of clerical secretary of Calgary diocese.

The Synod of Calgary this week refused the Bishop Pinkham request for an assistant bishop.

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WHY YOUR TROUSERS



should be made by us to measure. Ill-fitting trousers spoil the entire effect of a suit no matter whether the coat and vest fit all right. Besides, there's your comfort to consider. Waist too tight or too loose, seat the same, pinching crotch, ungraceful legs, awkward draping give you a sorry appearance. Try us on for your next trousers and see the vast difference tailoring makes.

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Phone 85

Blairmore

Growing Fruit On The Prairies

Experimental Fruit Growing in Western Canada Meets Encouraging Success

The buzz of the bee-insect variety has been the most significant sound in the prairie provinces these last few years, significant in proclaiming yet more of the possibilities of the prairies. Manitoba and Saskatchewan are striding to the front in the great horticultural areas of North America, the winter yields swaying many times over the product of frost favored regions.

The success in this line adds the prospect of practicability to Seago Wheeler's pronouncement of "Plums, cherries and apples on every prairie farm." Dr. Wheeler's hope is based on the successful outcome of experiments on the experimental farms and in a few privately-owned farm homes, over the three prairie provinces. Stephenson's orchard at Morden is an example.

But success in these cases has been due to an amount of patient care which could not be secured on the average farm. But Dr. Wheeler is determined to make the project widely feasible. "We must have trials," he says, "that will grow without being controlled, fruit that will grow without being protected, fruit that will bear hardy in Western Canada's climate with only a wind-break for protection."

For the last few years Dr. Wheeler has been experimenting with the Siberian crab apple upon which he has grafted some fifty kinds of apples. He has brought his trees through four winters with little loss, and this year has matured his first apples. In another year he hopes for good yield, for he says if a true fruit can be acclimated there is no difficulty about its fruiting.

For plums and cherries he is experimenting with the native variety.

The future development of apples will depend on the introduction of apples, the seeds being furnished, by Prof. Macoun, of Ottawa. "Grapes also are another of the Wheeler successes. Of course, everyone who has any experience knows that cranberries, raspberries, currants, gooseberries and strawberries will grow here almost for the plucking."

It may be that Western Canada can never rival the orchards of the east and the far west. Nevertheless, Dr. Wheeler's efforts, aside from the deep personal pleasure and profit with which they must furnish him, are real contributions to the development of applied science in relation to agriculture. There are times when the planting of a seed is a real adventure.

—Free Press.

Gives Opinion of Mere Man

Lady Torrington Speaks on Features of Recent British Elections

Leaders of the recent elections of eight women elected to the British House of Commons, expressed the opinion that the women's vote put her in Parliament, adding: "I know the men were very kind to me because I was bluffed by them."

Lady Torrington declared she was appalled during the campaign at the ignorance of the people, who never thought about what was good for them or their country. She announces her intention to introduce a bill "to give votes to women aged 21 years and up. "After all, some women of 21 are mothers," she added. "The poor mere man, bless him, means such a lot to us but we mean such a lot to him as well!"

Women Careful Drivers

The Accident Prevention Bureau of the Philadelphia Police Department contributes the statement that "there can be no question of the fact that women drivers are more conservative, less disposed toward recklessness, and therefore, safer than men in the operation of motors." Of the 411 persons arrested in Philadelphia this year for driving when intoxicated not one was a woman.—Gulf Reporter.

English Willow Industry

A practical and scientific effort is being made at the Long Ashton Institute, Bristol, to revive and develop the ancient English willow industry. After considerable research specimens of the creeping willow have been found and are now under cultivation. The slender stems that sprout up are very tough and finer basketwork are valued at \$50 a ton.

Motor Party Crosses Australia

An adventurous Australian conducted a motor car expedition across Australia for more than 1,500 miles beyond the railway. Following dry river beds the party found lakes and water holes and rich alluvial plains where water can be obtained within a rod or two of the surface.

Natural Resources Bulletin

Work Now Being Carried On in Improvements to Welland Canal

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, says:

A great deal of engineering work is being carried on in the Niagara Peninsula, in which the prairie provinces are intensely interested, as much of the product of the western farmers reaches its market by this route. The level of Lake Erie is 252 feet higher than the level of Lake Ontario, and the work in question, the Welland Canal, is 27½ miles long, which enables navigation to be carried on between the two lakes by means of locks to overcome the difference in level.

The first Welland Canal was begun exactly 100 years ago, 1824, and in 1829 two sailing vessels passed up from Lake Ontario to Lake Erie, reaching the latter via the Welland and the upper Niagara Rivers. Eventually the canal was extended from the Welland River to Port Colborne on Lake Erie, making direct communication; this was completed in 1835 and in historical order even to the date of the opening of the Welland, the Government of Upper Canada enlarged the canal as far as the town of Welland to meet the requirements of the traffic, making Port Maitland at the mouth of the Grand River their Lake Erie outlet, this was opened in 1845 and in 1856 the work of enlargement was continued to Port Colborne which again became the Lake Erie port.

The present canal built by the Federal Government from its "Lake Ontario entrance, takes a new route for a distance of about half-way between the lakes, and it is in this half that all the locks occur. This route being straighter shortens the distance by three quarters of a mile, Port Colborne still remaining the Lake Erie port.

The new Welland Ship Canal, now being built, is straightened out still further, making the distance now 25 miles. There are only seven locks instead of twenty-six, and, although every one has a lift of 4½ feet, the time saved will be from seven to ten hours. The width of lock has grown from 22 feet to 80 feet, the depth of water in the sill from 8 feet to 20 feet, and the length of lock from 110 feet to 800 feet. After an existence of nearly a century the Welland Canal will at last be able to meet the requirements of lake navigation, a state of affairs which has never existed before.

Farmers Conduct Experiments

Saskatchewan Agriculturists Are Engaged in Testing Out Seeds

The number of Saskatchewan farmers experiencing in co-operation with the field husbandry department of the provincial university and college of agriculture in the Saskatchewan Field Husbandry Association, has now reached 550.

"There is no membership fee or obligation except when seed is supplied free of charge," said E. G. Booth, director of co-operative experiments.

A farmer becomes a member when he purchases pure seed from the university or signifies his desire to conduct an experiment on his own farm under its direction.

The object of the association is to determine suitable crops, varieties of crops, rotations and tillage practices and to promote the production and distribution of pure seed.

When a farmer grows a selected variety of pure seed he does two things, first he determines in a few years whether it is a suitable crop for his district, secondly he stimulates competition in further experimental work in the district.

"We have suggested nine different experiments this year and 650 farmers are trying them. They are: A test of corn varieties; multiplying university seed; row crops as low substitutes; an inquiry regarding silos and silage; growing timothy seed in Northwestern Saskatchewan; desirable lowland grass mixtures; fax and wheat as a mixed crop; seeding grass with falfire; seeding fall rye with the spring grain crop."

Release of War Prisoners

Release of wartime political prisoners in the U.S. has aroused the ire of prominent American Legion officers. State Commander Edward E. Spafford says it is an insult to those who bore arms in defense of their country.

General George A. Wingate, chairman of the Legion Welfare Committee, and Major Donald C. Stratton, national executive committeeman, both of whom are members of the Legion, declared the action as "incredible and outrageous."

About 6,000 women in South Carronshire have signed the memorial to the women of Wales to the women of America in favor of world peace and the League of Nations.

To aid in the rapid movement of grain from Great Lakes ports to Montréal, St. John and Halifax, the Canadian National Railways are placing in service one thousand box cars of a new type. Already 271 of these cars have been delivered to the system by the builders and the completion of the order is being filled at the rate of forty cars upwards per day.

By means of special axle design and improvements in the general design of the car itself, these new cars will be able to carry 61 tons, or more than 2,000 bushels of grain each. This marks a considerable advance on the average type of box car whose loading capacity is—with new axle design—about 46 tons or, approximately, 1,500 bushels of grain. Cars of the latter type are in service generally throughout the Canadian National System and 2,500 new cars of this type are engaged in the grain carrying trade in Western Canada, they having been placed in operation early in the year. The larger car will not be used west of Fort William and Port Arthur, but will be engaged exclusively in carrying grain.



New York World

Alberta's Record at Chicago

Spindlet Showing Which Places Provin-

ence in Top Notch Position

The province of Alberta has been placed pre-eminently before the world as the greatest seed-grain producing country on the continent by the wonderful record in winning at the International Hay and Grain Show at Chicago.

The findings were as follows:

Wheat—First and Grand Champion, Major Strange, Fern, Alberta.

Oats—First and Grand Championship, J. W. Biglands, Lacombe, Alberta.

Red Clover—First.

Field Peas—First.

In wheat, five prizes were received compared with four last year. In oats, with Mr. Biglands winning grand champion for the second year in succession, there were 21 prizes to Alberta out of 35, compared with 13 last year. In peas, four prizes were secured, same as last year. In timothy two prizes were secured, compared with none last year.

The third prize for wheat went to Mr. Trebil, of Grand Prairie district, the fourth to Mr. Smith, of Medicine Hat, the fifth to Mr. Greville and the sixth to Mr. Stokes. In oats, J. W. Creek, won second.

In alfalfa three prizes were taken compared with one last year.

The splendid record thus made, which exceeds any previous record, probably exceeds any record ever made by any of her Canadian provinces, is a wonderful tribute to the suitability of Alberta's climate and soil, the work of the crop improvement association fostered by the University of Alberta, to the effect of the seed cleaning and marketing service, established by the Provincial Department of Agriculture, and to the great pains taken by the seed growers of the province. The winnings, together with the placing of a general seed grain exhibition in the Chicago exhibition under the joint auspices of the Department of Agriculture and the University, will serve as a great advertisement for the province.

The Useful Breadfruit

The breadfruit, with the coconut and banana, furnishes the chief food of the natives of the Pacific Islands. That is why we call it "breadfruit," because, for them, it takes the place of bread. Apart from its fruit, the tree itself is a very useful one, for when beaten out, the inner bark forms a white white cloth called tapa.

Canada took no part in the first congress, but Hon. W. H. Mulroney, minister of agriculture, has agreed to participate in the second to the extent of sending a delegate and also an expert on poultry.

The extension of parcel post privileges in the shipment of day-old chicks within Canada and the United States was also announced at the executive meeting.

Insects Resist Cold

Severest Winters Are Followed By Greatest Number of Pests

The severest winters of ice and snow are followed, by the greatest abundance of insects, as it is in such seasons that such destroyers as winter-birds, opossums, mice and shrews are least active.

To protect their resistance, moths, butterflies, beetles and hornets were frozen overnight in balls of snow and salt, and were as lively ever when being thawed out in lukewarm water, suffering neither physical pain nor mental distress, freezing is no more "trouble" to them than sleeping.

The cold-blooded vertebrates also are immune to cold, and living fishes and snakes are often seen from cakes of ice.

Nicely per cent. of the parcels sent to Russia label as relief goods are in reality merchandise intended for sale, according to charges made by the Russian Red Cross.

There are 400,000,000 women in Asia in need of education.

If you are not up and doing you will soon be down and done.

Masquerading was forbidden in France (1535) owing to its abuses.

The "airveyor" is a pipe line system which conveys grain from an elevator to a vessel at the water front without the use of the familiar belting. Operated by a hurricane of wind forced through a pipe by giant fans it will load 4,000 bushels an hour.

A Wholesale Deaf Sailor

"Sailor, if you give me silence, Tommie, I'll get me a lock of your sister's hair."

"Make it a shilling and I'll get you the whole bunch. I know where she hangs it."—London Tilt Bits.

There is a ridge of salt 7 miles long and 200 feet high high on the shores of the Dead Sea.

Another New Elevator

Alberta and Ontario Hope to Get Reduced Rates on Coal Soon

While in Edmonton recently, Premier Ferguson of Ontario, conferred briefly with Premier Greenfield on the question of securing cheaper transportation of Alberta coal to Ontario and possible regulations respecting the supply from this province and sale in the east.

Premier Ferguson, after the conference, said Ontario was satisfied with Alberta coal and wants it; the question is to get it at what price. Greenfield said nothing definite in the way of a plan had been arrived at, but by co-operation between the two governments it was hoped to finally arrange for cheaper transportation rates. He said there was no suggestion of a government subsidy to take care of alleged railway losses under a lower shipping charge.

City And

Country Boys

Success Frequently Attends the Sturdy Boy from the Farm

Discussing the comparative opportunities of city boys and country boys, the New York Times recently pointed out that only two of the American Presidents were born in the cities—Roosevelt in New York and Taft in Cincinnati. All the others came from towns and villages; in fact, Washington, Lincoln, Cleveland, Harding and Coolidge were really country boys.

It might be equal accuracy to say that all the cities of Canada have produced but four of our Presidents. Macdonald, the only one of our prime ministers to come from a town, says the Ottawa Journal. Our cities may have been in the most part, amid rural surroundings, and in that fact there is an encouraging significance.

Opportunity is not always a matter of environment. It grows rather out of the ambition and the calibre of the individual. In a very large sense it proceeds from discontent, which is the negative side of high purpose. It is, of course, not true that all men are born free and equal, nor that all men have equal chances on the road to success, but it is true that humble birth and unpromising surroundings are not handicaps to progress. On the contrary, they may readily beg the fibre of courage and serve as impelling forces in the right kind of a young man.

We always point with pride to "self-made men," failing to realize just what we mean by that classification. Obviously, no man can get very far without some extraneous aid. Yet the term has a fairly definite meaning, and applies to those who did not have those varied aids which are found in the homes and circumstances of the well-to-do. As a matter of fact, all men who have ever amounted to anything have been self-made, and necessarily so, regardless of their opportunities. Education itself is the product of will, and determination of capacity is even more so. Which brings us around to the postulate that neither city nor country has as much to do with the long climb to eminence as does determination. And that comes not from the outside, but the inside.

It is not a mere platitude to say that opportunities are more numerous today than ever before. It is an obvious truth, and it is reasonable for what may be held the country boy is more likely to succeed than his urban rival, for the simple and adequate reason that he is more likely to have the stronger incentive. Still more important is the probability that he will have less to distract him from high aim; for city life is evaporating, and opposed to concentration. That is why so many of the big prizes have gone to those sturdy and persistent fellows from the farms.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Eastern Market for Alberta Coal

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Fame of Canadian Wheat

The United States have erected a high tariff wall against Canadian wheat. But, despite this fact, large quantities of Canadian wheat are being imported into the United States. The fact coming to light is that Canadian wheat is absolutely essential to them if they wish to manufacture the best flour. This means that Canadian wheat is establishing a name for itself that will spell prosperity for the Dominion years to come.—*Sinclair Reformer*.

Buy Queer Packages

At a railway sale of unclaimed baggage in Winnipeg, four pairs of old trousers, neatly folded to keep in the creases, was the prize of one woman bidder who paid \$15 to see what was in an interesting looking suitcase. Ten dollars cash was handed for a bag which when opened contained several bundles of yellow love letters.

Another New Elevator

On his return from England, recently H. H. Gates stated that he had complete arrangements to build a two million bushel concrete grain elevator at Vancouver.

SUPER FREIGHT CARS ON NATIONAL WAY



To aid in the rapid movement of grain from Great Lakes ports to Montréal, St. John and Halifax, the Canadian National Railways are placing in service one thousand box cars of a new type. Already 271 of these cars have been delivered to the system by the builders and the completion of the order is being filled at the rate of forty cars upwards per day.

By means of special axle design and improvements in the general design of the car itself, these new cars will be able to carry 61 tons, or more than 2,000 bushels of grain each. This marks a considerable advance on the average type of box car whose loading capacity is—with new axle design—about 46 tons or, approximately, 1,500 bushels of grain. Cars of the latter type are in service generally throughout the Canadian National System and 2,500 new cars of this type are engaged in the grain carrying trade in Western Canada, they having been placed in operation early in the year. The larger car will not be used west of Fort William and Port Arthur, but will be engaged exclusively in carrying grain.

The cars are of single sheeted steel frame construction and comprise all the latest requirements for interchange of traffic between railways. In case of the United States. Inside they are 40 feet 6 inches long, 8 feet 6 inches wide and 8 feet high, that height exceeding by six inches that of the average box car.

The box cars are being built for the Canadian National Railways by the Canada Car and Foundry Company at Montreal, and the National Steel Car Company of Hamilton, Ont.



Public Sale of Land

Province of Alberta
Department of Municipal Affairs

Take note that the following lands will be offered for sale at Public Auction at 10:00 o'clock on the 26th instant at the place and date above. The property will be subject to a reserve bid and will be free from all encumbrances save claims of the Crown as shown on the existing Certificates of Title. Terms will be announced immediately prior to sale.

On Tuesday, February 26th, at the Town Hall, Coleman.

Carboneal Plan 232 A1.		Block Lots	
1	6	22	1, 6, 9, 10
3	10 to 12, 17, 18	23	5, 10
4	12 to 15	24	1, 5
6	13 to 19	25	1, 5
7	11, 12	26	1, 4
8	3, 11 to 20	27	1, 2, 4, 5
9	1 to 4, 6 to 12, 14, 15, 18 to 20	28	1 to 3
10	3 to 15, 17, 18	29	1, 6
11	10 to 20	30	2
12	9	31	5
13	9	32	5
14	9 and 10	33	5 to 8
15	1 to 5, 7, 9, 11 to 15	34	1 to 19, 18
16	1, 2, 4, 6, 8 to 12, 14	35	2
17	7 to 12	36	18, 19
18	1, 2, 8 to 10, 12	37	20
19	1, 2, 8 to 10, 12	38	Pt. S ^{1/2} L.S. & of 35-7-4-5, 20 ac.
20	6, 7, 8	39	N.E. & S.W. L.S. 5 of 35-7-4-5, 20 ac.
		40	S.W. 4-8-4, 160 acres.

On Wednesday, February 27th, at the office of J. H. Robertson, Bellevue.

Maple Leaf Plan 706Y		Block Lots	
Block Lots		18	1 to 8, 11 to 49
12		19	3 to 28, 31 to 45
Maple Leaf Plan 2107AA		20	1 to 16, 22 to 37
2, 4, 10 to 13		21	1 to 16
Maple Leaf Plan 4180Y		22	3 to 31, 34 to 49
7 and 8		23	9, 11 to 18, 21 to 40
Maple Leaf Plan 6224Y		24	Bellevue Plan 4590 A1
1 to 4, 6 to 9, 12, 16 to 30		25	1 to 25
14, 15	12, 15 to 17	26	15 to 17
Maple Leaf Plan 6632Y		27	Bellevue Plan 6177Y
4, 6 to 9, 11, 13, 15 to 17, 19 to 32		28	3 to 2, 10, 11, 22
		29	13, 14
Maple Leaf Plan 7242 A1		30	6
15	6 to 7, 12, 14 to 17, 19, 26 to 30, 33 to 35, 38, 39	31	8
16	1 to 28, 31 to 35, 39, 41 to 44	32	Bellevue Plan 135 A1
17		33	4 to 10
		34	Ft. St. 22-3-3-5, 43.37 acre.

On Thursday, February 28th, at Union Hotel, Hillcrest.

Hillcrest Plan 5150 S		Block Lots	
Block Lots		35	6
18	19	36	9
23	E ^{1/4} 3, 8, 19		Hillcrest Plan 4735 AQ
25	4	2	4
32	6, 7	1	

On Friday, February 29th, at the store of John Kerr, Passburg.

Burmis Plan 3688 A1		Block Lots	
Block Lots		1	1 to 28
1	1 to 15	2	1 to 11, 13 to 16, 20 to 22
2	1 to 32	3	1 to 29, 31 to 34
3	4, 6 to 30, 32	4	1 to 10
4	1 to 32	5	1, 2, 7 to 11, 14 to 19, 22 to 27
5	1 to 19	6	10 to 15, 6 to 23, 25 to 27
7	1 to 8	7	11 to 13, 15 to 18, 20 to 32
A		8	1 to 32
		9	6 to 29
		10	1 to 12
		11	1 to 14
		12	1 to 8, 8 to 16
		13	1 to 16
		14	1 to 16
		15	1 to 16
		16	1 to 16
		17	1 to 16
		18	1 to 16
		19	1 to 16
		20	1 to 16
		21	1 to 16
		22	1 to 16
		23	1 to 32
		24	1 to 31
		25	1 to 17
		26	1 to 28
		27	1 to 28
		28	1 to 16, 20 to 22
		29	B
		30	C

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the undersigned.

J. H. LAMB,
Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs.

DATED at Edmonton this 6th day of February, A.D. 1924.

We are now straightened around in our new store and are offering specially-reduced prices on all lines of Furniture, Wall Papers, Linoleum, Paints, Varnishes, Etc.

Blairmore Furniture Store

Joseph Montebello, Proprietor

Blairmore, Alberta

R. B. HARRISON
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER
Specializing in Repair Work
Your Patronage Solicited
Next Door to Drug Store

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

BIG AUCTION SALE AT TRONO'S JEWELRY STORE

For three days, commencing Saturday, February 23rd, the local jewelry store of Mr. S. Trono will be the big attraction. Mr. Trono has secured the services of Mr. Stanley Thorne and instructed him to sell by auction, without reserve, all or part of his large stock of diamonds, watches, ivoryware, chinaware, etc., and on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday sales will be conducted at 2:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. daily.

Mr. Trono finds that he is considerably overstocked and in offering his goods to the highest bidder affords an exceptional opportunity to the buying public.

Be on deck on Saturday and see that you get a coupon with your purchase, by which you will have a chance for one of the free prizes that are being offered.

SATURDAY WILL BE TAG-DAY FOR INTERMEDIATE HOCKEY

Everyone should be ready to buy a tag on Saturday in support of the local hockey intermediates. The boys need the funds and every mite will help.

BELLEVUE SECURES 8-POINT LEAD IN FIRST PLAY-OFF

Bellevue secured a safe lead over Blairmore on Monday night in the first of the home-and-home play-off games, by a score of ten to two.

Blairmore were in poorer trim, while on the other hand Bellevue were never so fit, and the general opinion expressed was that should Bellevue elect to enter the Allan cup series and put up the same brand of hockey as exhibited by them on Monday night they should go a long way through. Locals fans were, of course, disappointed, but the boys themselves fully expected defeat.

Turner, the star defense man of the locals was in bed, Connolly and Levasseur and Pruden were fit subjects for hospital treatment, but decided to play the game.

Bellevue's lead of eight goals can hardly be upset and Bellevue will go into the inter-provincial championship series.

During the game, Levasseur sustained a fracture of the cheek bone by a head-on collision with Mackie.

The game was refereed by Gordon, of Calgary. Opportunities for penalties galore presented themselves, but only a few were called.

DIVORCE DECREE REFUSED

The application for divorce brought by Kenneth Henry Strickland, of Blairmore, against his wife, Kate Strickland, was dismissed with costs, by Mr. Justice Simmons, on Tuesday. No evidence except that a marriage was performed between the parties, in Vancouver, B.C., in March, 1923, and that the parties separated at the door of the church, was given, although the plaintiff alleged in the petition that his wife had given grounds under the statutes for divorce.

GRAND COMIC OPERA "DOGS OF DEVON"

The grand comic opera, entitled "Dogs of Devon," will be staged by a massed choir at the Rex Theatre, Bellevue, on Tuesday night next. Mr. Watts Goodwin will be conductor, and Mr. F. J. Smith, of Hillcrest piano accompanist.

A treat is in store and a full house is assured.

MOOSE JAW POLICE CONFESS TO ROBBERIES

Seven of Moose Jaw's city police have confessed to larcenies from city stores that had been carried on for some considerable time, and are held for trial without bail.

Miss Grace McKinnon, of Blairmore, arrived here on Thursday morning to stay with Mrs. G. C. S. Patterson, while her parents went on to Calgary.—Okanagan Review.



Service Every where At Low Rates

There are 3500 authorized Ford Service Stations in Canada.

Each of these Ford Service Stations is a direct link between the Ford user and the Ford factory.

Each is manned by specially trained Ford mechanics skilled in every operation pertaining to servicing your Ford.

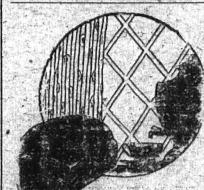
And each carries a stock of Genuine Ford Parts which are in every detail, identical with the original parts in your car and therefore coordinate perfectly with every other part.

Every Ford part and every Ford service operation is charged for at a standard low rate. You need not bargain, because you will not be overcharged.

And so, no matter where you buy your Ford or where you use it, there is always a Ford Service Station nearby ready to give you expert and immediate service.

SEE ANY AUTHORIZED FORD DEALER

Ford
CARS • TRUCKS • TRACTORS



PLACE YOUR ORDER NOW FOR SPRING

DELIVERY OF

CHEVROLET OR STUDEBAKER

We are Pass Distributors.

The Crows' Nest Pass Motors

Dealers in CHEVROLET and STUDEBAKER Cars

P^o AIRMORE Phone 105

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the Estate of EDWIN WORTH, late of Bellevue, in the Province of Alberta, Miner, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims on the estate of the above-named deceased, deceased on the 10th day of January, 1923, are required to file with the undersigned Administrator of his Estate by the 20th day of March, 1924, full and clear account of their claims and any securities held by them, and that after that date the Administrator will distribute the assets of the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed or brought to its knowledge.

Dated this 13th day of February, 1924.

THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED,
220 Eighth Avenue West,
Calgary, Alberta, Canada.
H. A. HOWARD, Manager.

JOS. F. ROYLE

and his

JAZZ SYNCOPATORS ORCHESTRA

Open for engagements, Dances, Socials, Etc.

Apply to J. F. Royle, Phone 164.

Blairmore Cash Meat Market

We are prepared to meet your requirements of fresh

Meats, Poultry, Fish, Butter, Eggs

at Lowest Prices for Cash.

Give us a Trial—

Just East of Blairmore Hardware Store

J. CHARETTE.

Blairmore

FAMOUS DYED LANDS OF THE MARITIME

Barricades in Existence for 200 Years
Keep Back Bay of Fundy Tides
From Hay Lands

One of the most interesting as well as one of the historic sights of the Maritime Provinces—one that is also a source of large revenue—is the dyke lands, or what are known locally as the hay marshes. These marsh lands extend around the head of the Bay of Fundy, from Amherstburg, Colchester, Hants, Kings and Annapolis counties of Nova Scotia, and in Westmorland and Albert counties of New Brunswick. While the term marsh lands is applied to these low-lying areas, they are far from being what the name implies. Looking at them from an omniscient they bear the appearance of great flat stretches of prairie lands or meadows, covered with rich grass, while almost as far as the eye can reach innumerable hay barns and hay stacks dot the landscape.

The marshes have been brought into existence by the extraordinary power of the tide of the Bay of Fundy, where there is sometimes a difference of sixty feet between the level of the water at high and low tide. Large areas were therefore subjected to inundation at periods of high tide. The early French settlers built dykes to keep out the tides from these lands and the areas thus reclaimed form a vast natural meadow of approximately 50,000 acres in extent. This marsh land retains its fertility, in a marvelously way, producing hay crops averaging from two to three tons per acre. When the soil appears to be deteriorating it is only necessary to renew the dyke above the tide to protect the land again, close the dykes and resume cropping the land. The period when it is necessary to open the dykes for renewal purposes are widely separated, some of those familiar with conditions giving fifty years as the interval between floodings.

The grasses which grow upon the better parts of the dyed lands are the English hay grasses, of a superior quality. But one crop of hay per year is taken of the land, but farmers find in the marshes after having excellent forage for their cattle. No fertilizers of any kind are used upon the marsh land, and the only cultivation consists in an occasional plowing, on an average once in ten or fifteen years, when a single crop of oats is sown; followed at once by grass.

An extensive market exists for the hay grown on the Bay of Fundy marshes, and a good price. Large quantities are shipped to the West Indies, Newfoundland, Boston and other New England cities. During the war enormous quantities were supplied to Great Britain and France.

To the inland Canadian, unused to the ocean tides, these dyed lands, or hay marshes, present a fascinating appearance. Accustomed as they are to but slight variations in the shoreline of lakes and rivers, it is hard to realize that but for the dykes these large areas would at high-tide be covered with water. The value of the land, however, was readily appreciated by the original settlers, many of whom in their native lands had been compelled to battle against the encroachments of the sea. How well these early settlers did their work may be judged from the fact that at various points the original dykes are still in existence, after a period of close to two hundred years.

These famous dyed lands are today, in the past, a great asset to the province of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and in these years, decades after, to produce a good hay crop for home and export consumption, they bear testimony to the energy of the people who in the early part of the eighteenth century fought and won the battle with the sea for their possession.

Back to Penny Post
New Zealand has received the well-deserved congratulations of the Chancellor of the Exchequer in Great Britain on laying the enterprise to be the first country within the British Dominions to return to penny postage after the raising of rates owing to war conditions—Australasia.

Won't They Be Glad
Mars is inhabited, Canaille Flammarion assures us. Still, we shan't be able to visit our fellow-citizens of the universe there until our allies are capable of a continuous flight of fifteen or twenty years, although we may try to broadcast the bedtime stories to them.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Paper Made From Grass
Sawgrass, a tall grass that grows in marshy places of Florida, is used for paper pulp.

It has been estimated that the increase of London's population during and since the world war was no less than 500,000.

Vegetable Vitamins

Their Functions in the Diet Shown in Interesting Article

An especially interesting article on vegetable vitamins has been contributed by Mr. L. F. Burrows, secretary of the Canadian Horticultural Council, to the November number of the Agricultural Gazette. The value of vegetables as a diet, physicians say, lies largely in the vitamins they contain, and these vitamins are necessary to life. The writer of the article goes into particulars of the vegetables that contain this element to the greatest extent.

Three distinct kinds of vitamins have been identified; they have been designated "A," "B," and "C." Vitamin A, we are told, is a mysterious element in food without which children cannot grow but which grown folks also need. Leafy plants are valuable foods in this respect, spinach and chard ranking first, lettuce next, and cabbage third. Tomatoes are rich in this vitamin and Hubbard squash is said to be a valuable source. Vitamin B is guardian of good digestion and proper functioning of the liver and other glands. Potatoes, sweet and white, contain appreciable amounts of this vitamin, but turnips and onions are better off. Beets, tomatoes, cabbage, turnips, lettuce and parsnips also contain it, so too does the lowly dandelion. Many fruit juices and even nuts are said to possess appreciable amounts of this vitamin. Vitamin C prevents disease and promotes the general health. Lack of it, we are informed, gives the skin a bad color and makes the heart weak. Lemons, limes, oranges, and fresh fruits seem to be beneficial in this respect. Again the tomato shows an advantage, its juice being regarded as equal to that of the orange. The Swedish turnip, or rutabaga, is also a source of vitamin C, so also is the carrot, particularly young carrots. Potatoes, onions, parsnips, rhubarb, lettuce, cauliflower, and cabbage are said to be especially strong in this vitamin.

Winter Quarters for Fowl

Should Guard Against Having the Men House Too Warm

Considerable trouble among fowls is caused by trying to keep the hen house too warm in winter. The prevailing idea seems to be that the house should be warm even if it is damp at the same time. It is much worse for the house to be warm and damp than it is to be cold and dry. In the first place, there are the impurities in the air which tend to slow up or hinder the purification of the blood; in the second place, if the birds' feathers are wet due to the damp air, they will feel the cold much more severely. If you happen to get your hands wet or clothes wet in a winter day you feel the cold much more than if they are dry.

Always keep the house dry even if it is necessary to have it cold. When you can arrange the ventilation so that the house is moderate in temperature and dry at the same time, you have provided ideal conditions for the birds. Apparently this dryness and moderate temperature should not be obtained through artificial heat, as artificial heated hen houses generally result in a rather high mortality and poor hatching quality of the eggs.

Satisfactory Results Of Cow-Testing

Results Achieved at Quebec Agricultural School

The beneficial effect of cow-testing is abundantly shown by results achieved at the Oka, Que., Agricultural School. In 1920 the average production of 44 cows of the same breed was 3,901 lbs. milk, 346 lbs. fat, and 3.88 percentage. The average increase per cow in milk in three years was 2,168 lbs. In 1920 only eleven cows in the herd produced over 300 lbs. fat; in 1922, thirty cows exceeded this amount, or over 66 per cent. of the animals in the herd. In Kent County, Ontario, by following the cow-testing method, conducted by the Domboin Dairy and Cold Storage Branch, an average of 7,483 lbs. milk and 246.5 lbs. fat, was increased to an average for eleven cows. In the same three years to 10,225 lbs. milk and 364.5 lbs. fat, an increase per cow of 2,747 lbs. milk and 9.5 per cent. fat.

The English Language
We reported the other day the beginning of an English critic on the following passage in a recent American novel: "On a hot car ahead a couple of hijackers were frisking a driver." The Spokane Spokesman-Review makes light of his dimwits. The passage simply means, it says, that a brace of strongarms were vacuums the jeans of a who had hopped the rafter-Boston Train script.

For the "Last Minute" Golfer



Shown here is an excellent golfing costume for the cold weather, with comfort and smartness combined in a manner that is sure to please. The tan knitted suit, edged with varicolored banding, sets off the new cap, imported from Italy, of tan and green felt.

Gift For Alberta

University of Alberta Benefits By Rockefeller Foundation Disbursement

Appropriations totalling \$2,725,000 for the benefit of four medical schools were announced in a Rockefeller Foundation report, in which it was said the organization's commitments for the year 1924 already totalled \$10,500,000. A balance of less than \$2,000 remained available for 1924 appropriation from the regular income, the report added.

The newest appropriations included one for the University of Toronto medical school, and \$500,000 for endowment of the medical school of the University of Alberta.

Dr. J. G. Fitzgerald, University of Toronto, was elected to membership in the international health board.

Alberta Fisheries

McInnes Fish Company will buy one hundred men and from fifty to sixty teams this season in their fishing operations in Buffalo Lake, situated ninety miles east of Chetchem, Alta.

London's famous Tower Bridge possesses a double set of hydraulic engines for raising and lowering the bascules. This is to avoid the risk of a breakdown.

When some people stand on their dignity it wobbles.



Queen Loveliness Has a Birthday

There was much excitement in the Good-Deed camp. Queen Loveliness was to have a birthday on Wednesday. Now whenever a queen of one of the Good-Deed camps had a birthday all her subjects entertained her. Sometimes they gave her a party and had a cake with candles; sometimes they gave an entertainment and all the talented Brownies took part. Our little friends had decided to do both. Yes, indeed! They were not content with either a party or an entertainment. They wanted to show their dear queen how much they loved her and that no trouble was too great for them if it was the means of giving her pleasure.

Happiness announced to the Brownies that a play was going to be given. First they had to choose the play. They thought and thought of some of the plays they had seen other Brownies give, but they didn't like any of them well enough. Contentment said it'd take place under the big tree in the orchard. Queen Loveliness knew the meeting was to be there and so in order not to overheat any of the plants before made she and the school teacher took a long walk across the meadow.

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They thought and thought of some of the plays they had seen other Brownies give, but they didn't like any of them well enough.

Contentment said it'd take place under the big tree in the orchard. Queen Loveliness knew the meeting was to be there and so in order not to overheat any of the plants before made she and the school teacher took a long walk across the meadow.

Happiness called a meeting immediately after they had decided to give a play and a party both. All the Little Brownies in the camp came to

Ghosts Haunts Famous Kremlin at Moscow

Ivan the Terrible Said to be Weising Axe Against Betrayers of Russia

The ghost of Ivan the Terrible is stalking through the corridors of the famous Kremlin at Moscow murdering the tsarist guards and threatening to kill the Soviet Government. The once-time Holy Imperial Kremlin, now the official residence of Lenin, Trotsky and other members of the Soviet Government, is closely guarded day and night, both inside and outside.

The Izvestia, semi-official Soviet newspaper, tells the story of a mysterious midnight killing of one of the Red guards on duty in the corridors and the wounding of another by the alleged ghost.

The wounded soldier related that he clearly saw in the electric light the figure of an old man coming along the corridor carrying a hand battle axe, adding:

"When I was near me I suddenly recognized the figure and face of Ivan the Terrible just as he is pictured in many of the old paintings, with his face covered with blood."

The old man raised the axe and cried out, 'You have betrayed and ruined Russia.' At that I became unconscious."

Soviet officials, believing that some monarchist had slipped into the Kremlin, thinking Ivan makeup, have searched every nook and cranny of the vast palace, but have found nothing. The Izvestia declared that since the incident the guards in the Kremlin have been doubled.

Protection Guaranteed

Canadian-United States Copyright Negotiations Are Now Completed

Hon. T. A. Low, minister of trade and commerce, has announced that final arrangements have been completed for a reciprocal proclamation by the United States and Canadian Governments, each guaranteeing protection to the other's citizens on the coming into force of the copyright act on January 1. This, the minister stated, brings to a successful conclusion negotiations which the Canadian Government has been carrying on for the last few months.

Protection Guaranteed

Canadian-United States Copyright Negotiations Are Now Completed

A correspondent asks how the German Government could make or buy paper, manufacture the plates (or set types), print off 420 million marks in paper money, worth only a dollar in purchasing power, and then pay the cost of the labor and materials. It could not be done, of course, unless notes of vast denominations were printed. A trillion-mark note being issued, a trillion-mark note being issued with 12 zeros annexed (1,000,000,000,000), in French and American notation, and 18 zeros in British notation.

Even with these astronomical figures the supply of money frequently falls behind the demand. Recent dispatches reported a currency famine which was paralyzing business. Yet twenty factories are occupied exclusively in turning out money for the Reichsbank, and 72 in all are engaged in the work. Business houses, public offices and banks take the paper currency away from the Reichsbank in carloads and truck loads, but still the cry is for more paper. The peasant in the song who had an elephant on his hands cried for more hay. The result is that paper-making and note printing are the two busiest industries in Germany—almost the only busy ones today. Dr. Schäfrath of Dresden describes in *The Manchester Guardian*, one of the curiosities of the situation. "In a fortnight most of the notes become useless, prices having risen to such an extent that notes of a hundred times higher denominations must replace them. The ragman then buys them, paying more for them than their face value. They are worth more as waste paper than as currency. Such is the plight ridiculous if so many millions were not suffering to which the country has been brought by deliberate inflation."—Toronto Globe.

It is against Moslem law and tradition for a Turkish woman to wear a hat.

Useless Words

B.C. Save a Considerable Amount of Money by Hexagonal Piece

The Attorney-General of British Columbia, who seems to be a very reasonable person, who has a liking for economy, has decided to save an amount of money in an unexpected place. He looked over the statutes and saw them loaded up with "whereas" and "wherefore," and a multitude of other words, which for the most part are useless and in some respect quite confusing. He ordered them placed under the axe, with the result that he plans to save something like 50 pages in the revision of the statutes, which means a considerable amount of money.—Calgary Herald.

Paper From Straw

Hoped to be Soon Able to Utilize Western Straw in Paper Manufacture

The Calgary Board of Trade is taking a lively interest in the proposal of certain large British interests, which involves the utilization of western straw for the manufacture of paper and other products, and is getting all possible information with respect to the development of industries. Thousands of tons of straw are burned in the prairies every year, which it is claimed, has a commercial value, and the burning of which is a tremendous economic waste.

The Blacksmith Passes

The Hamilton Herald says that the local Government Employment Agency is not able to find a competent blacksmith in an adjacent town, that in the absence of a blacksmith the horses cannot be shod, so that if they are not shod they will not be allowed to enter the city. The motor not only is superseding the horse, but is putting the village blacksmith out of business.—Toronto Globe.

Fleeing From Trouble

Judge—You are charged with being a deserter, having left your wife. Are all of the facts in the case true? Prisoner—No, your honor, I am not a deserter. I just a refugee.—The Punch Bowl.

The Chinese are taking to golf.

This is another of the links that bind strange peoples into a common group.—Los Angeles Times.

A woman's idea of economy is to take a \$9.95 hat and fix it over at the cost of \$12, so that it will look like new.

TREND OF THE TIMES

Ominous Features of Modern Life That Give Reason for Serious Anxiety

A recent article in *Curtain History* on this subject under the heading "The Decline of Modern Civilization" and recently Principal Bruce Taylor of Queen's University said he "doubted if the so-called progress of this age, which is taken for granted, is really as manifest as it is believed to be."

What is the cause of all this questioning? Probably the most important reason is the war, which came as a severe shock to those who thought that the fabric of modern enlightenment was too strong to be destroyed. With the war, perhaps because of the war, have come several ominous features of modern life that tend to give reason to serious anxiety. Some of these are discussed in the article referred to above.

The most directly vital is the relaxation of family ties. The basic of true civilization is the family, with its emphasis on parental discipline and filial subordination. But today forces are at work which disintegrate family life. The prevalence of divorce and the impatience of restraint on the part of young people are serious factors which make for the destruction of the fruit of true society.

Another serious potential is the increase of defectives and incapables through "uncontrolled sex selection in marriage." Other features are "the drift of population from the country to the city," with the loss of the sturdiness and independence of a preponderating rural life.

But perhaps the gravest feature of present-day life is the prevailing disrespect for law among all classes, respectable as well as criminal. Combined with this is a perceptible "decline of public spirit" as seen in the apathy which prevails in regard to public measures."

Yet none of these explanations gets down to the fundamental cause of our troubles. The basic reason for these sad and deplorable features is the lack of character which in turn comes from the lack of true religion. Life today is largely occupied with what a man possesses or can accomplish, with the primary essential being his looks, his character, not his reputation or his means or his position.—Toronto Globe.

DECLARES WORLD DOES NOT WANT ANOTHER WAR

London.—Replies to questions raised in debate in the House of Commons, especially that of national defense, brought forward by Stanley Baldwin, Premier, MacDonald again emphasized his desire to avoid any policy calculated to increase armaments, and said that it was on this basis that the government was exploring the whole question in a very much wider sense than had been done hitherto.

No nation he insisted, wanted another great war, and there was a strong moral and human feeling against any sort of military embarkation that ultimately would result in war conditions. In the minds of the masses of people in all countries there was a desire for agreements rendering armaments exactly unnecessary, but limited to purely defensive purposes. The government had, therefore, considered this question, not from a military viewpoint, but from the viewpoint of civil, foreign and international policy.

The foreign secretary, he continued, in bargaining with foreign powers, would not depend upon military force, but upon a "reasonable policy—mine." This was greeted with cheers. The government, while it did not intend to neglect the problem of national defence, it was going to show it was not merely a military matter.

U.S. Bread Trust

Nation Wide Profiteering in Bread Is Charge Made.

Washington.—A report charging nationwide profiteering in bread, and that creation of a "colossal bread trust is impending," was submitted by Basil M. Manly, director of the People's Legislative Service, to Senator LaFollette, of Wisconsin, its chairman, and "other progressive senators and representatives." The report, which was outlined in an announcement by the organization, recommended Congressional action "to detect bread prices and check the growth of the bread trust."

Forest Fire Damage

Montreal.—Six thousand forest fires a year are making Canada poorer every year by more than \$15,000,000, and are threatening the ultimate extinction of the many towns and cities almost entirely dependent on the forest and its inter-allied industries. This is the estimate of Robert Black, secretary of the Canadian Forestry Association, before the Montreal Paper Club here.

Work for Alberta Miners

Edmonton.—Some relief to the situation at the Brule Coal Mines has been given by the employment of a number of the miners at Cadomin, where work has been started on some new orders received recently, thus making it possible to absorb part of the working force of Brule. Efforts are also being made to place an additional number at the Mountain Park and other mines.

Gave Life To Aid Crew.

Washington.—Captain Herbert G. Sparrow, of the Cruiser Tacoma, wrecked at Vera Cruz, lost his life while endeavoring to aid men of his crew who had been impaled with him, in the destruction of the ship's radio house in the great storm that made a complete wreck of the cruiser on January 16, it was stated in a memorandum received at the navy department.

Policy Holders Are Warned

Ottawa.—Warning was issued by the federal government of insurance that Canadians insuring with United States companies, mainly in Canada, could get no protection under the Insurance Act by way of the deposit system, under which a property lossed company must deposit guarantees with the government for its policy holders.

Out of every hundred American men, it is said that 86 resort to money lenders.

Joints Ache?

Minard's will ease the pain and stiffness. The old reliable remedy.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

Mobilization Plans Prepared by France

Paris.—The government bill, dealing with measures for "national mobilization" in case of war, was distributed to members of the House of Deputies. Its leading principle is that every French citizen in time of war must participate in the defense of the country and the maintenance of its material and moral life. Among the measures to be adopted will be a modification of legislation during a time of war, the utilization of all intellectual forces in the interest of national defense and measures necessary to maintain the morale of the people.

May Affect Immigration

New British Government May Favor Selective Process Principle

Ottawa.—There is some curiosity, in official circles here, as to whether the advent of a new Labor Government in Great Britain may not affect the agreement recently concluded with Canada, in respect of the treatment under the Empire Settlement Plan, the agreement was with the former government. Recent utterances by Premier Ramsay MacDonald have construed as meaning that the Labor Government does not favor the sole process involved in the agreement, but thinks that the Dominions might properly go much further and relieve the Mother Country of some of its unemployed. The attitude here is that those who have been accepting doles are not wanted; while it is said the right of selection by Canadian officers will be insisted on.

Want Alberta Coal

Ontario Premier Trying to Secure a Reasonable Rate On Commodity

Toronto.—It is learned, supplementary to the information given in the legislature by Premier Ferguson, that the government is trying to get the Canadian National Railways to agree to a reasonable quantity of Alberta coal moved to Ontario before September 1.

If a large quantity could be brought by rail by that date there would be no longer any need to import coal from western crop, when all available equipment is needed by the government for the many towns and cities almost entirely dependent on the forest and its inter-allied industries. This is the estimate of Robert Black, secretary of the Canadian Forestry Association, before the Montreal Paper Club here.

NEW POLICIES OF BRITISH PREMIER ARE CRITICIZED

London.—Premier MacDonald's remedies for dealing with the evils in Europe and the problems of his own country were searchingly analyzed in the House of Commons by former Premier Baldwin and Asquith and other members of the opposition. Most of the criticism was directed against his policy in recognizing Russia before the Soviet gave any pledges concerning fulfillment of obligations to the British Government, corporations or individuals.

Mr. Baldwin declared that Italy had not accorded recognition to Russia until she had secured valuable concessions and privileges from Moscow.

The prime minister was also taken to task for failing to pay due attention to social solutions of such vital questions as unemployment, public economy, the safeguarding of industries and housing, as well as strengthening the army, navy and air forces. His handling of the Poplar issue, whereby the minister of health gave latitude in the distribution of unemployment relief, was vigorously assailed by Mr. Asquith, who, however, in other respects exhibited an extremely lenient, almost paternal, attitude towards the new premier.

Mr. Baldwin, who opened the attack on his successor in office, said that Premier MacDonald's policy of "sweet reasonableness" in dealing with Europe might be carried to excess without reaping any of the rewards which were due. He cited Mr. MacDonald's failure to give the late government credit in concluding the liquor treaty with the United States and the Tangier agreement.

The present cabinet, he said, was pursuing the policy in Europe which had been followed by the former government for 12 months. He declared that Mr. MacDonald would find his policy towards Russia impossible of fulfillment, arguing that Germany, which knew Russia better than any other country, had been unable to achieve any substantial business success there, although it had been granted the widest concessions.

Tariff Agreement With Australia

Series of Conferences Between Representatives of Two Countries Are Concluded

Ottawa.—A series of conferences began in Australia two weeks ago aiming at a reciprocal tariff agreement between Canada and Australia, are concluded. The extent to which each government is willing to make concessions in each tariff has been made clear and each delegation will submit the results of the conference to its government for approval. The customary secrecy regarding tariff matters has been preserved and nothing will be known as to the nature of the proposals until they are published simultaneously in both countries.

The Australian delegates proper are Senator Wilson, minister of health for the Australian Commonwealth, and Major R. McK. Oakley, controller of customs for Australia.

India Retaliates

Bill Passed Regulating Entry of British Subjects From Other Parts of Empire

Delhi, India.—After an animated debate in the council of state, a bill was passed for the purpose of regulating the entry into, and residence in, British India, of persons who have been domiciled in other British possessions. The bill, it was explained by Sir Venkateswara Sastry, the noted Indian statesman, and other members of the council, who strongly supported it, was necessary as a measure of retaliation in view of the adverse treatment of Indian residents in some British dominions and colonies, especially in South Africa and Kenya.

Sir B. M. Sarma, a member of the executive council of the governor-general, did not oppose the passage of the bill.

Against Reciprocal Arrangement

Influence of Farm Bloc Opposed to Livestock Reciprocity

Ottawa.—The United States apparently is not disposed to enter into a reciprocal arrangement with Canada in regard to livestock, even for breeding purposes.

Some weeks ago the proposal was made that Canada submit such breeders in return for similar concessions from Washington, but the intimation that comes officially is not favorable to any such arrangements. It is hinted that the influence of the farm bloc is against it.

Will Require Licenses

Winnipeg.—Transient traders in daily and weekly newspapers, farm and trade publications, magazines published in Canada or books approved by a public library board, will be required to take out a license costing \$5 if they desire to continue doing business in Manitoba, according to an amendment adopted by the law amendments committee of the legislature.

Want Act Amended

Edmonton.—Better provision for the payment of succession duties without impairing the values of estates, is desired by the Life Underwriters' Association of Alberta, a delegation from which waited upon the government with a suggested amendment to the present act. The insurance men's suggestion is that life policies marked for the purpose of paying death dues shall not be charged with mortality.

District in Hebrides

London.—The Lord Mayor of London has advised an appeal on behalf of the population of the island of Skye, one of the Scottish Islands, many of whom have been reduced to starvation by the failure of the harvest. It is declared that the population of the Hebrides has been for some time been suffering a distress unparalleled for severity in the memory of the present generation.

Prepare For World Flight

Victoria, B.C.—In preparation for the round-the-world flight by British aviators, backed by the British Government, the Canadian naval patrol ship, *Thiefwell*, soon will establish depots for the fliers along the Pacific coast of Canada and across the Pacific on the Aleutian Islands.

Vice Clean-Up in St. Louis

St. Louis.—A police campaign to clean up the city has resulted in the arrest of more than 1,000 persons since Monday. Raids have been made on all known haunts of the underworld.

Awarded Scholarship

Montreal.—Edward H. Boomer, a McGill graduate, has been awarded the Canadian Fellowship of Chemical Science, valued at \$600 pounds sterling. He will now spend a year of research in London, England.

WESTERN EDITORS

Predict General Election For Britain In June

London.—A general election in May or June is possible, according to the Yorkshire Post. The Post is strongly Conservative in its politics, but it is not in the habit of making reckless partisan assertions. The Yorkshire Post says there is a "feeling in the lobby of the House of Commons" that the administration was determined to sit tight for a year or two.

The Western Grain Port

Says 50 Per Cent of Crop Will Go West in Five Years

Montreal.—"In five years 50 per cent of the grain grown on the prairie provinces will be shipped through the ports of Vancouver and Prince Rupert," stated G. Dawson, of Prince Rupert, B.C.

Mr. Dawson is one of the directors of the Canadian National Railways, and is in Montreal on business.

He pointed out that the present freight rates from certain portions of the prairie provinces to the Pacific coast are equal to the rates to the head of the Great Lakes.

At the same time, navigation on the Great Lakes is closed from December 1 to April 1, or four months, where as the Pacific coast ports are open the year round. This closing of the Great Lakes port, Mr. Dawson stated, causes a rush period in the movement of grain, and to meet this rush the railway companies have to maintain a large equipment which is more or less idle during the remainder of the year.

"In this effort there will be no politics, no partisanship," he asserted, referring to the contemplated oil lease prosecution. "It will be speedy, it will be just. I am a Republican, but I cannot on that account shield anyone because he is a Republican, and I cannot prosecute anyone because he is a Democrat."

Sad Fate Of Mountain Climbers

Find Bodies of Two Young Men Killed By Falling

Vancouver.—The lifeless body of Arthur Willis, 21, companion of David Spencer, whose dead body was found in a hole on Mount MacKenzie, here, was found by searchers 1,400 feet away from where Spencer's body was found. His leg, had been broken and head crushed, presumably by a fall of several hundred feet into the gully. Evidently, he had gone to aid his friend, Spencer, when the latter had fallen 300 feet into the hole in which his body was found.

Norway Recognizes Russia

Moscow.—Norway has given the Russian Soviet Government recognition de jure, the Foreign Office was informed in a telegram from Madame Alexandra Koltantay, Soviet representative in Norway.

ASSETS OF THE HOME BANK WILL NOT MEET LOSSES

Women's Ailments Caused by Neglect

Proper Treatment Will Quickly Bring Back Robust Health and Good Spirits

Women are on the whole more susceptible to disease than men. One reason for their susceptibility is a complicating factor and more important reason, they put off measures of relief too long. At the beginning, constipation and other intestinal difficulties are the main cause of many women's ailments. The blood becomes weakened and polluted—the nerves suffer, and a run-down condition takes place.

Because of their mildness of action as a system regulator, no medicine for women can compare with Dr. Hamilton's Pill. The most certain relief is to be had by the removal of Dr. Hamilton's Pill, and the result is a rapid improvement in health. You will expect—pale in the face and skin, shortness of breath, and other diseases—these symptoms are caused by the body when it operates naturally, congestion and pain are prevented, and perfect health is restored.

The woman who wants to have Dr. Hamilton's Pill are the greatest and best blood purifier, the finest complexion renewer, the most certain regulator of the body, and the best druggist and druggist and storekeeper, 250 box, five for \$1.00 postpaid, from The Catarrhosis Co., Montreal.

Toronto—Littered over the foliage

of the Home Bank is steadily piling up at Osgoode Hall. The Home Bank Association of Saskatchewan, made up of 150 Home Bank shareholders, have banded themselves together, and will jointly resist the demands of the liquidators for a payment of the double liability. The association has retained a Toronto law firm to fight its claim in the court. On behalf of the 150 residents of Saskatchewan, a statement of defense was filed at Osgoode Hall.

That the assets of the Home Bank of Canada, including the amounts recoverable under the double liability of the shareholders, will fall very far short of the amount needed to meet the claims of the bank, is the opinion of G. Clark, liquidator, given in an affidavit filed by A. W. Ballantyne, K.C., on a motion before Chas. Garow, K.C., master of the Supreme Court, in an application for a call upon the shareholders for the amount entered opposite their names on the list of contributors.

The purpose of the affidavit is to show the necessity for resorting to the double liability of the shareholders to meet the losses. Losses which are expected to be incurred in realizing upon loans made by the bank are placed at \$4,400,000, which will more than wipe out the capital and reserves of \$2,595,754, and will, it is expected, leave a deficit of not less than \$1,800,000. In addition, losses which may reach \$700,000 are expected from minor agricultural and commercial loans made at branches.

WHEAT BOARD SURPLUS TO BE HELD BY GOVT.

Ottawa.—"However much I would like to help you, I am going to hold onto the \$560,000 until I have received at least a considerable part of the amount which is owed to the Dominion Government for seed grain advances."

This was the reply of Hon. James A. Robbie, acting minister of finance, to a delegation representing the three provincial wheat growing organizations which waited upon him and other members of the government.

"In holding the money I am guided by the report of the Canadian Wheat Board which handled the wheat so well that it produced a surplus. The recommendation of the board was that the surplus should be used for relief of needy western farmers."

The delegation asked that a portion of the surplus of the Canadian wheat board, amounting to \$560,000, be paid over to the three western provincial wheat organizations for the organization of voluntary pools.

Mr. Robbie told the delegates that the principal outstanding for seed grain advances on December 31 last was \$5,795,837, exclusive of interest also owing to the Dominion government.

The other members of the cabinet, Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Hon. E. J. McMurray and Hon. Charles Stewart, did not make any positive statement of their attitude on the request of the delegation.

At the close of the interview Peter Davidson of Glanton, Man., one of the representatives of the Manitoba Co-operative Wheat Producers Association, asked Mr. Robbie what message the delegation would take back. "You have had a decided answer," the acting minister of finance replied, "and you can blame me."

Mr. Motherwell remarked that there were 15 members in the cabinet and that only four were present.

Commences Farm Work

War Weather in Alberta Enables Farmer to Start Ploughing

Calgary.—The land of snow and cold is doing its best to regain its reputation this year. A few days ago press dispatches carried the information that work on the land was progressing at Taber in this province.

W. C. Sparke who has been farming in the vicinity of Calgary for the last thirteen years, started teams working on his land during fall plowing works good," declared Mr. Sparke, whose farm is located near Chestermere Lake.

Railway Accidents

Ottawa.—In 28 accidents reported on Canadian railways during the month of January, 18 persons were killed and 322 persons injured. Two of the persons killed were passengers and seven were employees. Six of the fatalities during the month occurred at railway crossings. Out of 19 crossing accidents, automobiles were involved four times, resulting in four persons being killed and 22 injured.

Steps Work On Tomb

London.—Owing to what he characterizes as the "discrepancy" of the Egyptian public works department, Howard Carter, head of the excavation work, closed Tutankhamen's tomb and abandoned operations. It is understood the crisis was precipitated by the refusal of the Egyptian Government to permit the wives of the excavators to visit the tomb.

Radio For Police

Toronto.—Chief of Police Dickson will ask the Board of Police Commissioners to pass a sum for the purchase of radio equipment, he announced.

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WATER FOR PADS FOR CANADA OVER SEAS

Everywhere
BRIER
½ lb. 80¢
THE ECONOMY BUY
(ALSO IN PACKAGES 15¢ & 20¢)

Local and General Items

For funeral bowers phone 212,
Crown's Nest Pass Undertaking Co.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Passmore are due to return this week end from a Holiday trip to California.

The Blairmore Pharmacy will conduct a One-Cent Sale on Friday, Saturday and Monday. See bills.

Cats are being licensed at Banff. What about licensing the bear cat at Bellevue?

We used to hear about "the drinks on the house." Now the drinks are under the house.

"Across Canada in 90 hours" is the new slogan of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the 1924 schedule of the Trans-Canada.

It is a very real pleasure to tuck the children in bed; if you can manage to keep awake until the children come in.

Rosland and Victoria clash for the amateur final of British Columbia at Vancouver this Friday night.

JOHN F. MILLER, Alberta's sight specialist, of Calgary, 404 Underwood Block will at the Blairmore Pharmacy on Thursday, February 28th, prepared to make scientific examinations and corrections of the eye for old and young.

Mrs. J. M. Carter is spending the week with friends in Calgary.

FOR WREATHS, Sprays, Wedding Bouquets and Fresh Cut Flowers, Phone 86—M. Joyce.

Mrs. A. L. McPherson is now pianist with the new Musicale Club at Hemet, California.

WANTED—A pair of Brass Candlesticks, old ones preferred. Apply at The Enterprise.

The village smithy that used to be found under a spreading chestnut tree is now found under a leaky fir-tree.

After being refused a cigarette, a friend of ours the other day asked for a match so that he could smoke one of his own.

Mrs. Nellie McLung, M.H.A., urges the government to conduct an advertising plan against the evils of drunkenness.

The wife of Rev. W. J. Kidd died at her home in Okotoks on Thursday morning last.

Professor A. E. Ottewell will be in Bellevue on Sunday, March the 9th, and that evening will officiate at the church service. On Monday evening following Mr. Ottewell will lecture on the subject of "The League of Nations."

Bands in Hungary are not allowed to play "Yes, We Have No Bananas."

A village is a place where loose tongues operate to keep a man from getting tight.

Chewing gum is a bad practice at the arena. So much noise is made that the referee's bell cannot be heard.

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Huffman and children left for Calgary last night, where Mr. Huffman will represent the local L.O.O.F. at Grand Lodge.

The United States is said to be divided into two classes with reference to prohibition. Some have a little still and those who still have a little.

A grand dance will be given in the opera house on the night of St. Patrick's, March 17th, under the auspices of the Blairmore Local of the G.W.V.A.

Dr. A. E. Hardin, Granum physician, was found guilty on the charge of unlawfully supplying morphine to a drug addict and was fined \$200 and costs. The escape from custody charge is yet to be heard.

Marconi, the inventor, says that he has perfected a method by which he can send radio messages as a beam, projected in any desired direction. Moreover, the new form of transmission requires only a small part of the electrical energy needed to broadcast throughout a circle the radius of which is the same length as the beam.

The dance held at the opera house last Friday evening by the G.W.V.A. was not attended any too wey, but was very enjoyable. While not a success financially, the G.W.V.A. were satisfied and are now preparing to hold another one on March 17th. Music was supplied by Mason's orchestra. Keep the date of March 17 open and attend the Vets' dance.

The Bohemians will give a dance in the Union hall at Frank on Monday night next.

A Scotchman entered the Cosmopolitan hotel and inquired what the rates were. He was told they were three dollars on the first floor, and \$1.50 on the second floor, and so on. The Scot immediately set out to find a higher building.

More than ten thousand people followed a jazz band at the funeral of Jules Tantot, theatre owner of Amiens, the man who had made a fortune out of vaudeville ditties was buried to the tune of "Yes, we have no bananas," and "Ain't we got fun."

A new process coal distillation plant, the only one of its kind in the world, which will have a capacity of 400 tons per day, will be opened by the Ford Motor Company at Ford, Ontario, shortly. With the new process a gasoline alphabet of ammonia, basic oils and other by-products will be produced by a new low-temperature method.

Pope Pius gave an audience on February 8th to Rt. Rev. J. T. McNally, L.D., bishop of Calgary, Alberta. The pontiff enquired about conditions in Alberta and showed an especial interest in the institutions managed by the religious orders and organizations and the school for Indians in this province.

Robert Barnhill, a boy of about nineteen years, occupied the pulpit at the Union church on Sunday evening last and preached to a very large congregation. His text was "Lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil," from which he delivered a forcible oration. The service was in the form of a father and son service and appealed particularly to the father's co-operation with the son.

An appropriate anthem was rendered by a male-voice choir of twenty voices with Mrs. Smith as organist.

APPLES

Northern Spies, unwrapped, per box	\$2.25
Delicious, unwrapped, per box	\$2.25
Ontario, fancy wrapped, per box	\$2.50
Rome Beauty, per box	\$2.65
Spitzberg, fancy wrapped, per box	\$2.65
All Good Stock	

SUNKIST ORANGES—Sweet and Juicy.

BULK DATES—	
Special, per pound	10c

Seeded Raisins, pkg. 10c.	Seedless Raisins, 15c lb.
CANDY SPECIAL—	

Peanut Brittle, Lady Caramels, Cocoanut Toffee, Chocolate Creams, etc., etc., per lb 35c

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Ivory and Jewelry of Every Description Mounted in Platinum, and solid gold in all the latest designs. Every article is fully guaranteed

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